# **BNO055** Intelligent 9-axis absolute orientation sensor





BNO055: data sheet	
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## **BNO055**

### INTELLIGENT ABSOLUTE ORIENTATION SENSOR, 9-AXIS SENSOR FUSION ALL-IN-ONE WINDOWS 8.x COMPLIANT SENSOR HUB

## **Basic Description**

#### Key features:

- Outputs fused sensor data
- 3 sensors in one device
- Small package
- Power Management
- Common voltage supplies
- Digital interface
- Consumer electronics suite

#### Quaternion, Euler angles, Rotation vector, Linear acceleration, Gravity, Heading an advanced triaxial 16bit gyroscope, a versatile, leading edge triaxial 14bit accelerometer and a full performance geomagnetic sensor LGA package 28 pins Footprint 3.8 x 5.2 mm<sup>2</sup>, height 1.13 mm<sup>2</sup> Intelligent Power Management: normal, low power and suspend mode available V<sub>DD</sub> voltage range: 2.4V to 3.6V HID-I2C (Windows 8 compatible), I<sup>2</sup>C, UART V<sub>DDIO</sub> voltage range: 1.7V to 3.6V MSL1, RoHS compliant, halogen-free Operating temperature: -40°C ... +85°C

#### Key features of integrated sensors:

#### Accelerometer features

• Programmable functionality

Acceleration ranges ±2g/±4g/±8g/±16g Low-pass filter bandwidths 1kHz - <8Hz Operation modes:

- Normal
- Suspend
- Low power
- Standby
- Deep suspend

Motion-triggered interrupt-signal generation for

- any-motion (slope) detection
- slow or no motion recognition
- high-g detection
- On-chip interrupt controller

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#### **Gyroscope features**

• Programmable functionality

On-chip interrupt controller

Ranges switchable from ±125°/s to ±2000°/s Low-pass filter bandwidths 523Hz - 12Hz Operation modes:

- Normal
- Fast power up
- Deep suspend
- Suspend
- Advanced power save

#### Motion-triggered interrupt-signal generation for

- any-motion (slope) detection
- high rate

#### Magnetometer features

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• Flexible functionality

Magnetic field range typical  $\pm 1300\mu$ T (x-, y-axis);  $\pm 2500\mu$ T (z-axis) Magnetic field resolution of ~0.3 $\mu$ T Operating modes:

- Low power
- Regular
- Enhanced regular
- High Accuracy

Power modes:

- Normal
- Sleep
- Suspend
- Force

#### **Typical applications**

- Navigation
- Robotics
- Fitness and well-being
- Augmented reality
- Context awareness
- Tablets and ultra-books

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#### General description

The BNO055 is a System in Package (SiP), integrating a triaxial 14-bit accelerometer, a triaxial 16-bit gyroscope with a range of  $\pm 2000$  degrees per second, a triaxial geomagnetic sensor and a 32-bit cortex M0+ microcontroller running Bosch Sensortec sensor fusion software, in a single package.

The corresponding chip-sets are integrated into one single 28-pin LGA 3.8mm x 5.2mm x 1.1 mm housing. For optimum system integration the BNO055 is equipped with digital bidirectional  $I^2C$  and UART interfaces. The  $I^2C$  interface can be programmed to run with the HID-I2C protocol turning the BNO055 into a plug-and-play sensor hub solution for devices running the Windows 8.0 or 8.1 operating system.



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## Specification

If not stated otherwise, the given values are over lifetime and full performance temperature and voltage ranges, minimum/maximum values are ±3 sigma.

## **1.1 Electrical specification**

OPERATING CONDITIONS BNO055						
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
Supply Voltage (only Sensors)	V <sub>DD</sub>	-	2.4		3.6	V
Supply Voltage (µC and I/O Domain)	V <sub>DDIO</sub>		1.7		3.6	V
Voltage Input Low Level (UART, I2C)	V <sub>DDIO_VIL</sub>	V <sub>DDIO</sub> = 1.7-2.7V			$0.25 V_{\text{DDIO}}$	V
LOW LEVEL (UART, 12C)		V <sub>DDIO</sub> = 2.7-3.6V			0.3 V <sub>DDIO</sub>	V
Voltage Input	V <sub>DDIO_VIH</sub>	V <sub>DDIO</sub> = 1.7-2.7V	0.7 V <sub>DDIO</sub>			V
High Level (UART, I2C)		V <sub>DDIO</sub> = 2.7-3.6V	$0.55 V_{\text{DDIO}}$			V
Voltage Output Low Level (UART, I2C)	V <sub>DDIO_VOL</sub>	$V_{DDIO} > 3V$ , $I_{OL}$ =20mA		0.1 V <sub>DDIO</sub>	0.2 V <sub>DDIO</sub>	V
Voltage Output High Level (UART, I2C)	Vddio_voh	$V_{DDIO} > 3V$ , $I_{OH} = 10mA$	0.8 VDDIO	0.9 V <sub>DDIO</sub>		V
POR Voltage threshold on VDDIO-IN rising	VDDIO_POT+	V <sub>DDIO</sub> falls at 1V/ms or slower		1.45		V
POR Voltage threshold on VDDIO-IN falling	V <sub>DDIO_POT</sub> -			0.99		V
Operating Temperature	TA		-40		+85	°C
Total supply current normal mode at T <sub>A</sub> (9DOF @100Hz output data rate)	Idd + Iddio	$V_{DD}$ = 3V, $V_{DDIO}$ = 2.5V			12.3	mA
Total supply current Low power mode at $T_A$	I <sub>DD_LPM</sub>	$V_{DD}$ = 3V, $V_{DDIO}$ = 2.5V	0.33	2.72*		mA
Total supply current suspend mode at $T_A$	I <sub>DD_SuM</sub>	$V_{DD}$ = 3V, $V_{DDIO}$ = 2.5V			0.04*	mA

Table 0-1:	Electrical	parameter	specification
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# 80% suspend mode and 20% normal mode with 9DOF @100Hz output data rate

\* using I2C as communication protocol

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## **1.2 Electrical and physical characteristics, measurement performance**

Table 0-2: Electrical characteristics BNO055

		<b>OPERATING CONDITIONS E</b>	NO055			
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Start-Up time	T <sub>Sup</sub>	From Off to configuration mode		400		ms
POR time	T <sub>POR</sub>	From Reset to Config mode		650		ms
Data Rate	DR	s. Par. Fusion Output data rates				
Data rate tolerance 9DOF @100Hz output data rate (if internal oscillator is used)	DR <sub>tol</sub>			±1		%
OPERATING CONDITIONS ACCELEROMETER						
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Acceleration Range	<b>g</b> FS2g	Selectable via serial digital interface		±2		g
	<b>g</b> FS4g	via senai digital interface		±4		g
	<b>g</b> FS8g			±8		g
	<b>g</b> FS16g			±16		g
Parameter	Symbol	OUTPUT SIGNAL ACCELER (ACCELEROMETER ONLY Condition		Тур	Max	Units
Sensitivity	S	All g <sub>FSXg</sub> Values, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		1		LSB/mg
Sensitivity tolerance	Stol	Ta=25°C, g <sub>FS2g</sub>		±1	±4	%
Sensitivity Temperature Drift	TCS	g <sub>FS2g</sub> , Nominal V <sub>DD</sub> supplies, Temp operating conditions		±0.03		%/K
Sensitivity Supply Volt. Drift	Svdd	g <sub>FS2g</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> =25°C, V <sub>DD_</sub> min ≤ V <sub>DD</sub> ≤ V <sub>DD_</sub> max		0.065	0.2	%/V
Zero-g Offset (x,y.z)	Off <sub>xyz</sub>	$g_{FS2g}$ , $T_A$ =25°C, nominal $V_{DD}$ supplies, over life-time	-150	±80	+150	mg
Zero-g Offset Temperature Drift	тсо	$g_{\rm FS2g},$ Nominal $V_{\rm DD}$ supplies		±1	+/-3.5	mg/K
Zero-g Offset Supply Volt. Drift	Off <sub>VDD</sub>	g <sub>FS2g</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> =25°C, V <sub>DD_min</sub> ≤ V <sub>DD</sub> ≤ V <sub>DD_max</sub>		1.5	2.5	mg/V
Bandwidth	bw <sub>8</sub>	2 <sup>nd</sup> order filter, bandwidth		8		Hz
	bw <sub>16</sub>	programmable		16		Hz
	bw <sub>31</sub>			31		Hz
	bw <sub>63</sub>			63		Hz
	bw <sub>125</sub>			125		Hz
	bw <sub>250</sub>			250		Hz
	<b>bw</b> 500			500		Hz
	644300					

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Nonlinearity	NL	best fit straight line, g <sub>FS2g</sub>		0.5	2	%FS
Output Noise Density	Nrms	g <sub>FS2g</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> =25°C Nominal V <sub>DD</sub> supplies Normal mode		150	190	µg/√Hz
Parameter	MECH Symbol	ANICAL CHARACTERISTICS A Condition	CCELEROME Min	TER	Max	Units
Cross Axis Sensitivity	CAS	relative contribution between any two of the three axes		1	2	%
Alignment Error	E <sub>A</sub>	relative to package outline		0.5	2	0
		OPERATING CONDITIONS GY	DOSCODE			
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Rate Range	R <sub>FS125</sub>	Selectable		125		°/s
	R <sub>FS250</sub>	via serial digital interface		250		°/s
	R <sub>FS500</sub>			500		°/s
	R <sub>FS1000</sub>			1,000		°/s
	R <sub>FS2000</sub>			2,000		°/s
		OUTPUT SIGNAL GYROS (GYRO ONLY MODE		10.0		
Sensitivity via register Map	S	Ta=25°C		16.0 900		LSB/°/s rad/s
Sensitivity tolerance	Stol	Ta=25°C, R <sub>FS2000</sub>		±1	±3	%
Sensitivity Change over Temperature	TCS	Nominal V <sub>DD</sub> supplies -40°C $\leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}C R_{FS2000}$		±0.03	±0.07	%/K
Sensitivity Supply Volt. Drift	Svdd	$T_{A}=25^{\circ}C,$ $V_{DD_{min}} \le V_{DD} \le V_{DD_{max}}$		<0.4		%/V
Nonlinearity	NL	best fit straight line RFS1000, RFS2000		±0.05	±0.2	%FS
Zero-rate Offset	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Off} \ \Omega_x \ \ \Omega_{y \ \text{and}} \\ \Omega_z \end{array}$	Nominal $V_{DD}$ supplies $T_{A}^{}$ =25°C, Slow and fast offset cancellation off	-3	±1	+3	°/s
Zero- $\Omega$ Offset Change over Temperature	тсо	Nominal V <sub>DD</sub> supplies -40°C $\leq T_A \leq$ +85°C R <sub>FS2000</sub>		±0.015	±0.03	°/s per K
Zero-Ω Offset Supply Volt. Drift	$Off\Omega_{VDD}$	$T_A=25^{\circ}C$ , $V_{DD_{min}} \le V_{DD} \le V_{DD_{max}}$		0.1		°/s /V
Output Noise	n ms	rms, BW=47Hz (@ 0.014°/s/√Hz)		0.1	0.3	°/s

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Bandwidth BW	f <sub>-3dB</sub>			523 230 116 64 47 32 23 12		Hz
	Ме	CHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS	GYROSCO	PE		
Cross Axis Sensitivity	CAS	Sensitivity to stimuli in non-sense-direction		±1	±3	%
OPERATING CONDITIONS MAGNETOMETER (MAGNETOMETER ONLY MODE)						
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Magnetic field range <sup>1</sup>	Brg,xy	TA=25°C	±1200	±1300		μΤ
	Brg,z		±2000	±2500		μΤ
Magnetometer heading accuracy <sup>2</sup>	As heading	30µT horizontal geomagnetic field component, TA=25°C			±2.5	deg
		MAGNETOMETER OUTPUT	SIGNAL			
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
Device Resolution	D <sub>res,m</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		0.3		μT
Gain error <sup>3</sup>	G <sub>err,m</sub>	After API compensation T <sub>A</sub> =25°C Nominal V <sub>DD</sub> supplies		±5	±8	%
Sensitivity Temperature Drift	TCSm	After API compensation -40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C Nominal V <sub>DD</sub> supplies		±0.01	±0.03	%/K
Zero-B offset	OFFm	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		±40		μΤ
Zero-B offset <sup>4</sup>	OFF <sub>m,cal</sub>	After calibration in fusion mode		±2		μΤ

TCOm

NL<sub>m, FS</sub>

 $-40^{\circ}C \le T_{A} \le +85^{\circ}C$ 

 $\text{-40°C} \le T_{\text{A}} \le \text{+85°C}$ 

best fit straight line

±0.23

±0.37

1

μT/K

%FS

Zero-B offset

Temperature Drift Full-scale Nonlinearity

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Full linear measurement range considering sensor offsets.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The heading accuracy depends on hardware and software. A fully calibrated sensor and ideal tilt compensation are assumed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Definition: gain error = ( (measured field after API compensation) / (applied field) ) -1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Magnetic zero-B offset assuming calibration in fusion mode. Typical value after applying calibration movements containing various device orientations (typical device usage).

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BOSCH	BNO055 Data sheet			Page	16	
Output Noise	Nrms,lp,m,xy	Low power preset x, y-axis, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$ Nominal V <sub>DD</sub> supplies		1.0		μT
	Nrms,lp,m,z	Low power preset z-axis, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$ Nominal V <sub>DD</sub> supplies		1.4		μΤ
	Nrms,rg,m	Regular preset T₄=25°C Nominal V <sub>DD</sub> supplies		0.6		μΤ
	N <sub>rms,eh,m</sub>	Enhanced regular preset T <sub>A</sub> =25°C Nominal V <sub>DD</sub> supplies		0.5		μΤ
	Nrms,ha,m	High accuracy preset T <sub>A</sub> =25°C Nominal V <sub>DD</sub> supplies		0.3		μT
Power Supply Rejection Rate	PSRR <sub>m</sub>	$T_A=25^{\circ}C$ Nominal V <sub>DD</sub> supplies		±0.5		μT/V

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## 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 2-1: Absolute maximum ratings (preliminary target values)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Мах	Units
Voltage at Supply Pin	V <sub>DD</sub> Pin		-0.3	4.2	V
	V <sub>DDIO</sub> Pin		-0.3	3.6	V
Voltage at any Logic Pin	$V_{non-supply} \operatorname{Pin}$		-0.3	V <sub>DDIO</sub> +0.3	V
Passive Storage Temp. Range	Trps	≤ 65% rel. H.	-50	+150	°C
Mechanical Shock	MechShock <sub>200µs</sub>	Duration ≤ 200µs		10,000	g
	MechShock <sub>1ms</sub>	Duration ≤ 1.0ms		2,000	g
	MechShock <sub>freefall</sub>	Free fall onto hard surfaces		1.8	m
ESD	ESDHBM	HBM, at any Pin		2	kV
	ESDCDM	CDM		500	V
	ESD <sub>MM</sub>	ММ		200	V

#### Note:

Stress above these limits may cause damage to the device. Exceeding the specified electrical limits may affect the device reliability or cause malfunction.

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## 3. Functional Description

## 3.1 Architecture

The following figure shows the basic building blocks of the BNO055 device.





## **3.2 Power management**

The BNO055 has two distinct power supply pins:

- $V_{DD}$  is the main power supply for the internal sensors
- $V_{DDIO}$  is a separate power supply pin used for the supply of the  $\mu$ C and the digital interfaces

For the switching sequence of power supply  $V_{DD}$  and  $V_{DDIO}$  it is mandatory that  $V_{DD}$  is powered on and driven to the specified level before or at the same time as  $V_{DDIO}$  is powered ON. Otherwise there are no limitations on the voltage levels of both pins relative to each other, as long as they are used within the specified operating range.

The sensor features a power-on reset (POR), initializing the register map with the default values and starting in CONFIG mode. The POR is executed at every power on and can also be triggered either by applying a low signal to the nRESET pin for at least 20ns or by setting the RST\_SYS bit in the SYS\_TRIGGER register.

The BNO055 can be configured to run in one of the following power modes: normal mode, low power mode, and suspend mode. These power modes are described in more detail in section <u>Power Modes</u>

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#### Power Modes

The BNO055 support three different power modes: Normal mode, Low Power Mode, and Suspend mode.

The power mode can be selected by writing to the PWR\_MODE register as defined in the table below. As default at start-up the BNO055 will run in Normal mode.

Table 3-1: power modes selection				
Parameter	Value	[Reg Addr]: Reg Value		
Power Mode	Normal Mode	[PWR_MODE]: xxxxxx00b		
	Low Power Mode	[PWR_MODE]: xxxxxx01b		
	Suspend Mode	[PWR_MODE]: xxxxxx10b		

#### 3.2.1 Normal Mode

In normal mode all sensors required for the selected operating mode (see section 3.3) are always switched ON. The register map and the internal peripherals of the MCU are always operative in this mode.

#### **3.2.2 Low Power Mode**

If no activity (i.e. no motion) is detected for a configurable duration (default 5 seconds), the BNO055 enters the low power mode. In this mode only the accelerometer is active. Once motion is detected (i.e. the accelerometer signals an any-motion interrupt), the system is woken up and normal mode is entered. The following settings are possible.

Description	Parameter	Value	Reg Value	Restriction
Entering to	Detection	No Motion	[ACC_NM_SET] : xxxxxxx1b	n/a
sleep: NO Motion Interrupt	Туре	Detection Axis	[ACC_INT_Settings] : bit4-bit2	Shares common bit with Any Motion interrupt axis selection
	Params	Duration	[ACC_NM_SET] : bit6-bit1	n/a
		Threshold	[ACC_NM_THRE] : bit7-bit0	n/a

## Table 3-2: Low power modes - Interrupts

Description	Parameter	Value	Reg Value
Waking up: Any Motion Interrupt	Detection Type	Detection Axis	[ACC_INT_Settings] : bit4-bit2
	Params	Duration	[ACC_INT_Settings] : bit1-bit0
		Threshold	[ACC_AM_THRES] : bit7-bit0

Additionally, the interrupt pins can also be configured to provide HW interrupt to the host.

The BNO055 is by default configured to have optimum values for entering into sleep and waking up. To restore these values, trigger system reset by setting RST\_SYS bit in SYS\_TRIGGER register.

There are some limitations to achieve the low power mode performance:

- Only No and Any motion interrupts are applicable and High-G and slow motion interrupts are not applicable in low power mode.
- Low power mode is not applicable where accelerometer is not employed.

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#### 3.2.3 Suspend Mode

In suspend mode the system is paused and all the sensors and the microcontroller are put into sleep mode. No values in the register map will be updated in this mode. To exit from suspend mode the mode should be changed by writing to the PWR\_MODE register (see Table 3-1).

#### **3.3 Operation Modes**

The BNO055 provides a variety of output signals, which can be chosen by selecting the appropriate operation mode. The table below lists the different modes and the available sensor signals.

		Available sensor signals			Fusion Data	
(	Operating Mode	Accel	Mag	Gyro	Relative orientation	Absolute orientation
	CONFIGMODE	-	-	-	-	-
	ACCONLY	Х	-	-	-	-
es	MAGONLY	-	Х	-	-	-
pou	GYROONLY	-	-	Х	-	-
onn	ACCMAG	Х	Х	-	-	-
fusi	ACCGYRO	Х	-	Х	-	-
Non-fusionmodes	MAGGYRO	-	Х	Х	-	-
	AMG	Х	Х	Х	-	-
S	IMU	Х	-	Х	Х	-
ode	COMPASS	Х	Х	-	-	Х
2	M4G	Х	Х		Х	-
Fusion modes	NDOF_FMC_OFF	Х	Х	Х	-	Х
ц	NDOF	Х	Х	Х	-	Х

#### Table 3-3: Operating modes overview

The default operation mode after power-on is CONFIGMODE.

When the user changes to another operation mode, the sensors which are required in that particular sensor mode are powered, while the sensors whose signals are not required are set to suspend mode.



The BNO055 sets the following default settings for the sensors. The user can overwrite these settings in the register map when in CONFIGMODE.

Sensor	Range	Bandwidth
Accelerometer	4G	62.5 Hz
Magnetometer	NA	10 Hz
Gyroscope	2000 dps	32 Hz

In any mode, the sensor data are available in the data register based on the unit selected. The axis of the data is configured based on the axis-remap register configuration.

The operating mode can be selected by writing to the OPR\_MODE register, possible register values and the corresponding operating modes are shown in the table below.

Parameter	Value	[Reg Addr]: Reg Value
CONFIG MODE	CONFIGMODE	[OPR_MODE]: xxxx0000b
Non-Fusion	ACCONLY	[OPR_MODE]: xxxx0001b
Mode	MAGONLY	[OPR_MODE]: xxxx0010b
	GYROONLY	[OPR_MODE]: xxxx0011b
	ACCMAG	[OPR_MODE]: xxxx0100b
	ACCGYRO	[OPR_MODE]: xxxx0101b
	MAGGYRO	[OPR_MODE]: xxxx0110b
	AMG	[OPR_MODE]: xxxx0111b
Fusion Mode	IMU	[OPR_MODE]: xxxx1000b
	COMPASS	[OPR_MODE]: xxxx1001b
	M4G	[OPR_MODE]: xxxx1010b
	NDOF_FMC_OFF	[OPR_MODE]: xxxx1011b
	NDOF	[OPR_MODE]: xxxx1100b

Table 3-6 below shows the time required to switch between CONFIGMODE and the other operating modes.

Table 3-6: Operating mode switching time

From	То	Switching time
CONFIGMODE	Any operation mode	7ms
Any operation mode	CONFIGMODE	19ms

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#### 3.3.1 Config Mode

This mode is used to configure BNO, wherein all output data is reset to zero and sensor fusion is halted. This is the only mode in which all the writable register map entries can be changed. (Exceptions from this rule are the interrupt registers (INT and INT\_MSK) and the operation mode register (OPR\_MODE), which can be modified in any operation mode.)

As being said, this mode is the default operation mode after power-on or RESET. Any other mode must be chosen to be able to read any sensor data.

#### 3.3.2 Non-Fusion Modes

#### 3.3.2.1 ACCONLY

If the application requires only raw accelerometer data, this mode can be chosen. In this mode the other sensors (magnetometer, gyro) are suspended to lower the power consumption. In this mode, the BNO055 behaves like a stand-alone acceleration sensor.

#### 3.3.2.1 MAGONLY

In MAGONLY mode, the BNO055 behaves like a stand-alone magnetometer, with acceleration sensor and gyroscope being suspended.

#### 3.3.2.2 GYROONLY

In GYROONLY mode, the BNO055 behaves like a stand-alone gyroscope, with acceleration sensor and magnetometer being suspended.

#### 3.3.2.3 ACCMAG

Both accelerometer and magnetometer are switched on, the user can read the data from these two sensors.

#### 3.3.2.4 ACCGYRO

Both accelerometer and gyroscope are switched on; the user can read the data from these two sensors.

#### 3.3.2.5 MAGGYRO

Both magnetometer and gyroscope are switched on, the user can read the data from these two sensors.

#### 3.3.2.6 AMG (ACC-MAG-GYRO)

All three sensors accelerometer, magnetometer and gyroscope are switched on.

#### 3.3.3 Fusion modes

Sensor fusion modes are meant to calculate measures describing the orientation of the device in space. It can be distinguished between non-absolute or relative orientation and absolute orientation. Absolute orientation means orientation of the sensor with respect to the earth and its magnetic field. In other words, absolute orientation sensor fusion modes calculate the direction of the magnetic north pole.

In non-absolute or relative orientation modes, the heading of the sensor can vary depending on how the sensor is placed initially.

All fusion modes provide the heading of the sensor as quaternion data or in Euler angles (roll, pitch and yaw angle). The acceleration sensor is both exposed to the gravity force and to accelerations applied to the sensor due to movement. In fusion modes it is possible to separate the two acceleration sources, and thus the sensor fusion data provides separately linear acceleration (i.e. acceleration that is applied due to movement) and the gravity vector.

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#### 3.3.3.1 IMU (Inertial Measurement Unit)

In the IMU mode the relative orientation of the BNO055 in space is calculated from the accelerometer and gyroscope data. The calculation is fast (i.e. high output data rate).

#### 3.3.3.2 COMPASS

The COMPASS mode is intended to measure the magnetic earth field and calculate the geographic direction.

The earth magnetic field is a vector with the horizontal components x,y and the vertical z component. It depends on the position on the globe and natural iron occurrence. For heading calculation (direction of compass pointer) only the horizontal components x and y are used. Therefore the vector components of the earth magnetic field must be transformed in the horizontal plane, which requires the knowledge of the direction of the gravity vector. To summarize, the heading can only be calculated when considering gravity and magnetic field at the same time.

However, the measurement accuracy depends on the stability of the surrounding magnetic field. Furthermore, since the earth magnetic field is usually much smaller than the magnetic fields that occur around and inside electronic devices, the compass mode requires calibration (see chapter 3.10)

#### 3.3.3.3 M4G (Magnet for Gyroscope)

The M4G mode is similar to the IMU mode, but instead of using the gyroscope signal to detect rotation, the changing orientation of the magnetometer in the magnetic field is used. Since the magnetometer has much lower power consumption than the gyroscope, this mode is less power consuming in comparison to the IMU mode. There are no drift effects in this mode which are inherent to the gyroscope.

However, as for compass mode, the measurement accuracy depends on the stability of the surrounding magnetic field.

For this mode no magnetometer calibration is required and also not available.

#### 3.3.3.4 NDOF\_FMC\_OFF

This fusion mode is same as NDOF mode, but with the Fast Magnetometer Calibration turned 'OFF'.

#### 3.3.3.5 NDOF

This is a fusion mode with 9 degrees of freedom where the fused absolute orientation data is calculated from accelerometer, gyroscope and the magnetometer. The advantages of combining all three sensors are a fast calculation, resulting in high output data rate, and high robustness from magnetic field distortions. In this mode the Fast Magnetometer calibration is turned ON and thereby resulting in quick calibration of the magnetometer and higher output data accuracy. The current consumption is slightly higher in comparison to the NDOF\_FMC\_OFF fusion mode.

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#### 3.4 Axis remap

The device mounting position should not limit the data output of the BNO055 device. The axis of the device can be re-configured to the new reference axis.

Axis configuration byte: Register Address: AXIS\_MAP\_CONFIG

Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Rese	rved	Remapped	Z axis value	Remappe val	ed Y axis lue	Remappe val	

There are two bits are used to configure the axis remap which will define in the following way,

Value	Axis Representation
00	X - Axis
01	Y - Axis
10	Z- Axis
11	Invalid

Also, when user try to configure the same axis to two or more then BNO055 will take this as invalid condition and previous configuration will be restored in the register map. The default value is: X Axis = X, Y Axis = Y and Z Axis = Z (AXIS\_REMAP\_CONFIG = 0x24).

Axis sign configuration byte: Register Address: AXIS\_MAP\_SIGN

Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
		Reserved			Remapped X axis sign	Remapped Y axis sign	Remapped Z axis sign
			Value	Sign			
			0	Positive			
			1	Negative			

The default value is 0x00.

The default values correspond to the following coordinate system



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Some example placement for axis vs. register settings:



For the above described placements, following would be the axis configuration parameters.

Placement	AXIS_REMAP_CONFIG	AXIS_REMAP_SIGN
P0	0x21	0x04
P1 (default)	0x24	0x00
P2	0x24	0x06
P3	0x21	0x02
P4	0x24	0x03
P5	0x21	0x01
P6	0x21	0x07
P7	0x24	0x05

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### **3.5 Sensor Configuration**

The fusion outputs of the BNO055 are tightly linked with the sensor configuration settings. Due to this fact, the sensor configuration is limited when BNO055 is configured to run in any of the fusion operating mode. In any of the non-fusion modes the configuration settings can be updated by writing to the configuration registers as defined in the following sections.

#### **3.5.1 Default sensor configuration**

At power-on the sensors are configured with the default settings as defined in Table 3-8 below.

Sensors	Parameters	Value
Accelerometer	Power Mode	NORMAL
	Range	+/- 4g
	Bandwidth	62.5Hz
	Resolution	14 bits
Gyroscope	Power Mode	NORMAL
	Range	2000 °/s
	Bandwidth	32Hz
	Resolution	16 bits
Magnetometer	Power Mode	FORCED
	ODR	20Hz
	XY Repetition	15
	Z Repetition	16
	Resolution x/y/z	13/13/15 bits

Table 3-7: Default sensor configuration at power-on



#### 3.5.2 Accelerometer configuration

The fusion outputs of the BNO055 are tightly linked with the accelerometer sensor settings. Therefore the configuration possibilities are restricted when running in any of the fusion operating modes. The accelerometer configuration can be changed by writing to the ACC\_Config register, Table below shows different Accelerometer configurations

Parameter	Values	[Reg Addr]: Reg Value	Restrictions
G Range	2G	[ACC_Config]: xxxxxx00b	
	4G	[ACC_Config]: xxxxxx01b	
	8G	[ACC_Config]: xxxxxx10b	
	16G	[ACC_Config]: xxxxxx11b	
Bandwidth	7.81Hz	[ACC_Config]: xxx000xxb	
	15.63Hz	[ACC_Config]: xxx001xxb	
	31.25Hz	[ACC_Config]: xxx010xxb	
	62.5Hz	[ACC_Config]: xxx011xxb	
	125Hz	[ACC_Config]: xxx100xxb	Auto controlled in fusion
	250Hz	[ACC_Config]: xxx101xxb	mode
	500Hz	[ACC_Config]: xxx110xxb	
	1000Hz	[ACC_Config]: xxx111xxb	
Operation Mode	Normal	[ACC_Config]: 000xxxxxb	
	Suspend	[ACC_Config]: 001xxxxxb	
	Low Power 1	[ACC_Config]: 010xxxxxb	
	Standby	[ACC_Config]: 011xxxxxb	
	Low Power 2	[ACC_Config]: 100xxxxxb	
	Deep Suspend	[ACC_Config]: 101xxxxxb	

#### Table 3-8: Accelerometer configurations

The accelerometer sensor operation mode is not configurable by user when BNO power mode is configured as low power mode. BNO rewrites the user configured value to Normal mode when switching from config mode to any BNO operation mode. This used to achieve the BNO low power mode performance.



### 3.5.3 Gyroscope configuration

The fusion outputs of the BNO055 are tightly linked with the angular rate sensor settings. Therefore the configuration possibilities are restricted when running in any of the fusion operating modes. The gyroscope configuration can be changed by writing to the GYR\_Config register, Table below shows different Gyroscope configurations

Parameter	Values	[Reg Addr]: Register value	Restrictions
Range	2000 dps	[GYR_Config_0]: xxxxx000b	
	1000 dps	[GYR_Config_0]: xxxxx001b	
	500dps	[GYR_Config_0]: xxxxx010b	
	250 dps	[GYR_Config_0]: xxxxx011b	
	125 dps	[GYR_Config_0]: xxxxx100b	
Bandwidth	523Hz	[GYR_Config_0]: xx000xxxb	
	230Hz	[GYR_Config_0]: xx001xxxb	
	116Hz	[GYR_Config_0]: xx010xxxb	
	47Hz	[GYR_Config_0]: xx011xxxb	Auto controlled in fusion mode
	23Hz	[GYR_Config_0]: xx100xxxb	
	12Hz	[GYR_Config_0]: xx101xxxb	
	64Hz	[GYR_Config_0]: xx110xxxb	
	32Hz	[GYR_Config_0]: xx111xxxb	
Operation Mode	Normal	[GYR_Config_1]: xxxxx000b	
	Fast Power up	[GYR_Config_1]: xxxxx001b	
	Deep Suspend	[GYR_Config_1]: xxxxx010b	
	Suspend	[GYR_Config_1]: xxxxx011b	
	Advanced Powersave	[GYR_Config_1]: xxxxx100b	

Table 3-9:	Gyroscope	configurations



#### 3.5.4 Magnetometer configuration

The fusion outputs of the BNO055 are tightly linked with the magnetometer sensor settings. Therefore the configuration possibilities are restricted when running in any of the fusion operating modes. The magnetometer configuration can be changed by writing to the MAG\_Config register, Table below shows different Magnetometer configurations.

Parameter	Values	[Reg Addr]: Register value	Restrictions
Data output rate	2Hz	[MAG_Config]: xxxxx000b	
	6Hz	[MAG_Config]: xxxxx001b	
	8Hz	[MAG_Config]: xxxxx010b	
	10Hz	[MAG_Config]: xxxxx011b	
	15Hz	[MAG_Config]: xxxxx100b	
	20Hz	[MAG_Config]: xxxxx101b	
	25Hz	[MAG_Config]: xxxxx110b	
	30Hz	[MAG_Config]: xxxxx111b	
Operation Mode	Low Power	[MAG_Config]: xxx00xxxb	Auto controlled in fusion mode
	Regular	[MAG_Config]: xxx01xxxb	
	Enhanced Regular	[MAG_Config]: xxx10xxxb	
	High Accuracy	[MAG_Config]: xxx11xxxb	
Power Mode	Normal	[MAG_Config]: x00xxxxxb	
	Sleep	[MAG_Config]: x01xxxxxb	
	Suspend	[MAG_Config]: x10xxxxxb	
	Force Mode	[MAG_Config]: x11xxxxxb	

#### Table 3-10: Magnetometer configurations

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#### 3.6 Output data

Depending on the selected operating mode the device will output either un-calibrated sensor data (in non-fusion mode) or calibrated / fused data (in fusion mode), this section describes the output data for each modes.

#### 3.6.1 Unit selection

The measurement units for the various data outputs (regardless of operation mode) can be configured by writing to the UNIT\_SEL register as described in Table 3-9.

Data	Units	[Reg Addr]: Register Value
Acceleration, Linear	m/s²	[UNIT_SEL] : xxxxxxx0b
Acceleration, Gravity vector	mg	[UNIT_SEL] : xxxxxx1b
Magnetic Field Strength	Micro Tesla	NA
Angular Rate	Dps	[UNIT_SEL] : xxxxxx0xb
	Rps	[UNIT_SEL] : xxxxxx1xb
Euler Angles	Degrees	[UNIT_SEL] : xxxxx0xxb
	Radians	[UNIT_SEL] : xxxxx1xxb
Quaternion	Quaternion units	NA
Temperature	°C	[UNIT_SEL] : xxx0xxxxb
	°F	[UNIT_SEL] : xxx1xxxxb

Table 3-11:	unit selection

### **3.6.2 Data output format**

The data output format can be selected by writing to the UNIT\_SEL register, this allows user to switch between the orientation definition described by Windows and Android operating systems.

Table 3-12:	Fusion	data	output format	
-------------	--------	------	---------------	--

Parameter	Values	[Reg Addr]: Register value
Fusion data output	Windows	[UNIT_SEL]: 0xxxxxxb
format	Android	[UNIT_SEL]: 1xxxxxxb

The output data format is based on the following convention regarding the rotation angles for roll, pitch and heading / yaw (compare also section 3.4):

Table 3-13:	Rotation	angle	conventions
-------------	----------	-------	-------------

Rotation angle	Range (Android format)	Range (Windows format)
Pitch	+180° to -180° (turning clockwise decreases values)	
Roll	-90° to +90° (increasing with in	creasing inclination)
Heading / Yaw	0° to 360° (turning clockwise in	creases values)

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#### 3.6.3 Fusion Output data rates

Table 3-14: Fusion output data rates

BNO055 Operating	Data input rate				Algo	Data output rate			
Mode	Accel	Mag	Gyro	calling rate	Accel	Mag	Gyro	Fusion data	
IMU	100Hz	NA	100Hz	100Hz	100Hz	NA	100Hz	100Hz	
COMPASS	20Hz	20Hz	NA	20Hz	20Hz	20Hz	NA	20Hz	
M4G	50Hz	50Hz	NA	50Hz	50Hz	50Hz	NA	50Hz	
NDOF_FMC_OFF	100Hz	20Hz	100Hz	100Hz	100Hz	20Hz	100Hz	100Hz	
NDOF	100Hz	20Hz	100Hz	100Hz	100Hz	20Hz	100Hz	100Hz	

#### **3.6.4 Sensor calibration data**

The following section describes the register holding the calibration data of the sensors (see chapter 3.11). The offset and radius data can be read from these registers and stored in the host system, which could be later used to get the correct orientation data after 'Power on Reset' of the sensor.

3.6.4.1 Accelerometer offset

The accelerometer offset can be configured in the following registers, shown in the table below. There are 6 bytes required to configure the accelerometer offset (2 bytes for each of the 3 axis X, Y and Z). Configuration will take place only when the user writes the last byte (i.e., ACC\_OFFSET\_Z\_MSB).

Reg Name	Default Reg Value (Bit 0 – Bit 7)
ACC_OFFSET_X_LSB	0x00
ACC_OFFSET_X_MSB	0x00
ACC_OFFSET_Y_LSB	0x00
ACC_OFFSET_Y_MSB	0x00
ACC_OFFSET_Z_LSB	0x00
ACC_OFFSET_Z_MSB	0x00

Table 3-15: Accelerometer Default-Reg settings

The range of the offsets varies based on the G-range of accelerometer sensor.

 Table 3-16: Accelerometer G-range settings

Accelerometer G-range	Maximum Offset range in mg
2G	+/- 2000
4G	+/- 4000
8G	+/- 8000
16G	+/- 16000

#### Table 3-17: Accelerometer Unit settings

Unit	Representation
m/s²	1 m/s² = 100 LSB
mg	1 mg = 1 LSB

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#### 3.6.4.2 Magnetometer offset

The magnetometer offset can be configured in the following registers,

Table 3-18: Magnetometer Default-Reg settings

Reg Name	Default Reg Value (Bit 0 – Bit 7)
MAG_OFFSET_X_LSB	0x00
MAG_OFFSET_X_MSB	0x00
MAG_OFFSET_Y_LSB	0x00
MAG_OFFSET_Y_MSB	0x00
MAG_OFFSET_Z_LSB	0x00
MAG_OFFSET_Z_MSB	0x00

There are 6 bytes required to configure the magnetometer offset (bytes (2 bytes for each of the 3 axis X, Y and Z). Configuration will take place only when the user writes the last byte (i.e., MAG\_OFFSET\_Z\_MSB). Therefore the last byte must be written whenever the user wants to changes the configuration. The range of the magnetometer offset is +/-6400 in LSB.

Table 3-19: Magnetometer Unit settings

Unit	Representation
μT	1 µT = 16 LSB

#### 3.6.4.3 Gyroscope offset

The gyroscope offset can be configured in the following registers, shown in the table below

Table 3-20: Gyroscope Default Reg-settings

Reg Name	Default Reg Value (Bit 0 – Bit 7)
GYR_OFFSET_X_LSB	0x00
GYR_OFFSET_X_MSB	0x00
GYR_OFFSET_Y_LSB	0x00
GYR_OFFSET_Y_MSB	0x00
GYR_OFFSET_Z_LSB	0x00
GYR_OFFSET_Z_MSB	0x00

There are 6 bytes required to configure the gyroscope offset (bytes (2 bytes for each of the 3 axis X, Y and Z). Configuration will take place only when the user writes the last byte (i.e., GYR\_OFFSET\_Z\_MSB). Therefore the last byte must be written whenever the user wants to changes the configuration. The range of the offset varies based on the dps-range of gyroscope sensor.

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Gyroscope dps range	Maximum Offset range in LSB
2000	+/- 32000
1000	+/- 16000
500	+/- 8000
250	+/- 4000
125	+/- 2000

Table 3-21: Gyroscope range settings

Table 3-22: Gyroscope unit settings

Unit	Representation
Dps	1 Dps = 16 LSB
Rps	1 Rps = 900 LSB

#### 3.6.4.4 Radius

The radius of accelerometer, magnetometer and gyroscope can be configured in the following registers,

Table 3-23: Ra	adius Defaul	It-Reg settings
----------------	--------------	-----------------

Reg Name	Default Reg Value (Bit 0 – Bit 7)
ACC_RADIUS_LSB	0x00
ACC_RADIUS_MSB	0x00
MAG_RADIUS_LSB	0x00
MAG_RADIUS_MSB	0x00

There are 4 bytes (2 bytes for each accelerometer and magnetometer) to configure the radius. Configuration will take place only when user writes to the last byte (i.e., ACC\_RADIUS\_MSB and MAG\_RADIUS\_MSB). Therefore the last byte must be written whenever the user wants to changes the configuration. The range of the radius for accelerometer is +/-1000, magnetometer is +/-960 and Gyroscope is NA.

Table 3-24: Radius range settings

Radius for sensor	Maximum Range
Accelerometer	+/- 1000 LSB
Magnetometer	+/- 960 LSB

#### **3.6.5 Output data registers**

3.6.5.1 Acceleration data

In non-fusion mode uncompensated acceleration data for each axis X/Y/Z, can be read from the appropriate ACC\_DATA\_<axis>\_LSB and ACC\_DATA\_<axis>\_MSB registers.

In fusion mode the fusion algorithm output offset compensated acceleration data for each axis X/Y/Z, the output data can be read from the appropriate ACC\_DATA\_<axis>\_LSB and ACC\_DATA\_<axis>\_MSB registers. Refer table below for information regarding the data types for the acceleration data.

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Parameter	Data type	bytes
Accel_Data_X	signed	2
Accel_Data_Y	signed	2
Accel_Data_Z	signed	2

#### 3.6.5.2 Magnetic Field Strength

In non-fusion mode uncompensated field strength data for each axis X/Y/Z, can be read from the appropriate MAG\_DATA\_<axis>\_LSB and MAG\_DATA\_<axis>\_MSB registers.

In fusion mode the fusion algorithm output offset compensated magnetic field strength data for each axis X/Y/Z, the output data can be read from the appropriate  $MAG_DATA_<axis>_LSB$  and  $MAG_DATA_<axis>_MSB$  registers. Refer table below for information regarding the data types for the magnetic field strength.

#### Table 3-26: Magnetic field strength data

Parameter	Data type	bytes
Mag_Data_X	signed	2
Mag_Data_Y	signed	2
Mag_Data_Z	signed	2

#### 3.6.5.3 Angular Velocity

In non-fusion mode uncompensated angular velocity (yaw rate) data for each axis X/Y/Z, can be read from the appropriate GYR\_DATA\_<axis>\_LSB and GYR\_DATA\_<axis>\_MSB registers.

In fusion mode the fusion algorithm output offset compensated angular velocity (yaw rate) data for each axis X/Y/Z, the output data can be read from the appropriate GYR\_DATA\_<axis>\_LSB and GYR\_DATA\_<axis>\_MSB registers. Refer table below for information regarding the data types for the angular velocity.

#### Table 3-27: Yaw rate data

Parameter	Data type	bytes
Gyr_Data_X	signed	2
Gyr_Data_Y	signed	2
Gyr_Data_Z	signed	2

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3.6.5.4 Orientation (Euler angles)

Orientation output only available in fusion operation modes.

The fusion algorithm output offset and tilt compensated orientation data in Euler angles format for each DOF Heading/Roll/Pitch, the output data can be read from the appropriate EUL<dof>\_LSB and EUL\_<dof>\_MSB registers. Refer table below for information regarding the data types and the unit representation for the Euler angle format.

Table 3-28: Compensated orientation data in Euler angles format

Parameter	Data type	bytes
EUL_Heading	Signed	2
EUL_Roll	Signed	2
EUL_Pitch	Signed	2

Table 3-29: Euler angle data representation

Unit	Representation
Degrees	1 degree = 16 LSB
Radians	1 radian = 900 LSB

3.6.5.5 Orientation (Quaternion)

Orientation output only available in fusion operating modes.

The fusion algorithm output offset and tilt compensated orientation data in quaternion format for each DOF w/x/y/z, the output data can be read from the appropriate QUA\_DATA\_<dof>\_LSB and QUA\_DATA\_<dof>\_MSB registers. Refer table below for information regarding the data types and the unit representation for the Orientation output.

Table 3-30: Compensated orientation data in quaternion format

Parameter	Data type	bytes
QUA_Data_w	Signed	2
QUA_Data_x	Signed	2
QUA_Data_y	Signed	2
QUA_Data_z	Signed	2

Table 3-31: Quaternion data repr	resentation
----------------------------------	-------------

Unit	Representation
Quaternion (unit less)	1 Quaternion (unit less) = 2 <sup>14</sup> LSB

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#### 3.6.5.6 Linear Acceleration

Linear acceleration output only available in fusion operating modes.

The fusion algorithm output linear acceleration data for each axis x/y/z, the output data can be read from the appropriate LIA\_DATA\_<axis>\_LSB and LIA\_DATA\_<axis>\_MSB registers. Refer table below for further information regarding the data types and the unit representation for Linear acceleration

Table 3-32: L	Linear Acceleration D	Data
---------------	-----------------------	------

Parameter	Data type	bytes
LIA_Data_X	signed	2
LIA_Data_Y	signed	2
LIA_Data_Z	signed	2

Table 3-33: Linear Acceleration data representation

Unit	Representation
m/s <sup>2</sup>	1 m/s <sup>2</sup> = 100 LSB
mg	1 mg = 1 LSB

#### 3.6.5.7 Gravity Vector

Gravity Vector output only available in fusion operating modes.

The fusion algorithm output gravity vector data for each axis x/y/z, the output data can be read from the appropriate GRV\_DATA\_<axis>\_LSB and GRV\_DATA\_<axis>\_MSB registers. Refer table below for further information regarding the data types and the unit representation for the Gravity vector.

Parameter	Data type	bytes
GRV_Data_X	signed	2
GRV_Data_Y	signed	2
GRV_Data_Z	signed	2

Table 3-35: Gravity	Vector data	representation
---------------------	-------------	----------------

Unit	Representation
m/s²	1 m/s <sup>2</sup> = 100 LSB
mg	1 mg = 1 LSB

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#### 3.6.5.8 Temperature

The temperature output data can be read from the TEMP register. The table below describes the output data type and data representation (depending on selected unit).

The temperature can be read from one of two sources, the temperature source can be selected by writing to the TEMP\_SOURCE register as detailed below.

Parameter	Data type	bytes
TEMP	signed	1

#### Table 3-37: Temperature data representation

Unit	Representation
°C	1°C = 1 LSB
F	2 F = 1 LSB

Table 3-38: Temperature Source Selection

Source	[Reg Addr]: Register Value
Accelerometer	[TEMP_SOURCE]: xxxxxx00b
Gyroscope	[TEMP_SOURCE]: xxxxxx01b

### 3.7 Data register shadowing

This section describes the two methods to read sensor data from the BNO055 register map. In the first method also called multi byte read (or burst read) the data consistency is ensured by data register shadowing and hence the LSB and MSB of each axis are all referring to the same instance (refer section 4.6 I2C read access)

Whereas in the single byte reads, the MSB may get updated when the data in LSB is read and thereby resulting in data inconsistency.

So depending upon the application, the user may select the type of data read to ensure that the correct data is being read.

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#### 3.8 Interrupts

### 3.8.1 Interrupt Pin

INT is configured as interrupt pin for signaling an interrupt to the host. The interrupt trigger is configured as raising edge and is latched on to the INT pin. Once an interrupt occurs, the INT pin is set to high and will remain high until it is reset by host. This can be done by setting RST\_INT in SYS\_TRIGGER register.

Interrupts can be enabled by setting the corresponding bit in the interrupt enable register (INT\_EN) and disabled when it is cleared.

Interrupt Pin Masking

Interrupts can be routed to the INT pin by setting the corresponding interrupt bit in the INT\_MSK register.

Interrupt Status

Interrupt occurrences are stored in the interrupt status register (INT\_STA). All bits in this register are cleared on read.

#### **3.8.2 Interrupt Settings**

3.8.2.1 Accelerometer Slow/No Motion Interrupt

The slow-motion/no-motion interrupt engine can be configured in two modes.

Slow-motion Interrupt is triggered when the measured slope of at least one enabled axis exceeds the programmable slope threshold for a programmable number of samples. Hence the engine behaves similar to the any-motion interrupt, but with a different set of parameters. In order to suppress false triggers, the interrupt is only generated (cleared) if a certain number *N* of consecutive slope data points is larger (smaller) than the slope threshold given by  $slo_no_mot_dur<1:0>$ . The number is  $N = slo_no_mot_dur<1:0> + 1$ .

In no-motion mode an interrupt is generated if the slope on all selected axes remains smaller than a programmable threshold for a programmable delay time. Figure 11 shows the timing diagram for the no-motion interrupt. The scaling of the threshold value is identical to that of the slow-motion interrupt. However, in no-motion mode register slo\_no\_mot\_dur defines the delay time before the no-motion interrupt is triggered.

Table 3-39 lists the delay times adjustable with register slo\_no\_mot\_dur. The timer tick period is 1 second. Hence using short delay times can result in considerable timing uncertainty.

If bit *SM/NM* is set to '1' ('0'), the no-motion/slow-motion interrupt engine is configured in the no-motion (slow-motion) mode. Common to both modes, the engine monitors the slopes of the axes that have been enabled with bits  $AM/NM_X_AXIS$ ,  $AM/NM_Y_AXIS$ , and  $AM/NM_Z_AXIS$  for the x-axis, y-axis and z-axis, respectively. The measured slope values are continuously compared against the threshold value defined in register ACC\_NM\_THRES. The scaling is such that 1 LSB of ACC\_NM\_THRES corresponds to 3.91 mg in 2g-range (7.81 mg in 4g-range, 15.6 mg in 8g-range and 31.3 mg in 16g-range). Therefore the maximum value is 996 mg in 2g-range (1.99g in 4g-range, 3.98g in 8g-range and 7.97g in 16g-range). The time difference between the successive acceleration samples depends on the selected bandwidth and equates to 1/(2 \* bw).

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### Table 3-39: No-motion time-out periods

slo_no_mot_dur	Delay time	slo_no_mot_dur	Delay time	slo_no_mot_dur	Delay Time
0	1 s	16	40 s	32	88 s
1	2 s	17	48 s	33	96 s
2	3 s	18	56 s	34	104 s
	•••	19	64 s.	•••	
14	15 s	20	72 s	62	328 s
15	16 s	21	80 s	63	336 s

Note: slo\_no\_mot\_dur values 22 to 31 are not specified



Table 3-40: Timing of	No-motion interrupt
-----------------------	---------------------

Params	Value	[Reg Addr]: Register Value
Detection Type	No Motion	[ACC_NM_SET]: xxxxxx1b
	Slow Motion	[ACC_NM_SET]: xxxxxx0b
Interrupt Parameters	Threshold	[ACC_NM_THRE]: bit7:bit0
	Duration	[ACC_NM_SET]: bit6:bit1

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	X-axis	[ACC_INT_Settings]: xxxxx1xx	b
Axis selection	Y-axis	[ACC_INT_Settings]: xxxx1xxx	b
	Z-axis	[ACC_INT_Settings]: xxx1xxxx	b

#### 3.8.2.2 Accelerometer Any Motion Interrupt

The any-motion interrupt uses the slope between successive acceleration signals to detect changes in motion. An interrupt is generated when the slope (absolute value of acceleration difference) exceeds a preset threshold. It is cleared as soon as the slope falls below the threshold. The principle is made clear in Figure 2: Principle of any-motion detection.



Figure 2: Principle of any-motion detection

The threshold is defined through register ACC\_AM\_THRES. In terms of scaling 1 LSB of ACC\_AM\_THRES corresponds to 3.91 mg in 2g-range (7.81 mg in 4g-range, 15.6 mg in 8g-range and 31.3 mg in 16g-range). Therefore the maximum value is 996 mg in 2g-range (1.99g in 4g-range, 3.98g in 8g-range and 7.97g in 16g-range).

The time difference between the successive acceleration signals depends on the selected bandwidth and equates to 1/(2\*bandwidth) ()t=1/(2\*bw)). In order to suppress false triggers, the interrupt is only generated (cleared) if a certain number *N* of consecutive slope data points is larger (smaller) than the slope threshold given by ACC\_AM\_THRES. This number is set by the AM\_DUR bits. It is N = AM\_DUR + 1.

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Example: *AM\_DUR* = 00b, ..., 11b = 1decimal, ..., 4decimal.

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Enabling (disabling) for each axis:

Any-motion detection can be enabled (disabled) for each axis separately by writing '1' ('0') to bits AM/NM\_X\_AXIS, AM/NM\_Y\_AXIS, AM/NM\_Z\_AXIS. The criteria for any-motion detection are fulfilled and the slope interrupt is generated if the slope of any of the enabled axes exceeds the threshold ACC\_AM\_THRES for [AM\_DUR +1] consecutive times. As soon as the slopes of all enabled axes fall or stay below this threshold for [AM\_DUR +1] consecutive times the interrupt is cleared unless interrupt signal is latched.

Params	Value	[Reg Addr]: Register Value
Interrupt Parameters	Threshold	[ACC_AM_THRES]: bit7:bit0
	Duration	[ACC_INT_Settings]: bit1:bit0
Axis selection	X-axis	[ACC_INT_Settings]: xxxxx1xxb
	Y-axis	[ACC_INT_Settings]: xxxx1xxxb
	Z-axis	[ACC_INT_Settings]: xxx1xxxxb

#### Table 3-41: Any-motion Interrupt parameters and Axis selection

#### 3.8.2.3 Accelerometer High G Interrupt

This interrupt is based on the comparison of acceleration data against a high-g threshold for the detection of shock or other high-acceleration events.

The high-g interrupt is enabled (disabled) per axis by writing '1' ('0') to bits ACC\_HIGH\_G in the INT\_EN register and enabling the axis in with bits HG\_X\_AXIS, HG\_Y\_AXIS, and HG\_Z\_AXIS, respectively in the ACC\_INT\_Settings register. The high-g threshold is set through the ACC\_HG\_THRES register. The meaning of an LSB of ACC\_HG\_THRES depends on the selected g-range: it corresponds to 7.81 mg in 2g-range, 15.63 mg in 4g-range, 31.25 mg in 8g-range, and 62.5 mg in 16g-range (i.e. increment depends from g-range setting).

The high-g interrupt is generated if the absolute value of the acceleration of at least one of the enabled axes ('or' relation) is higher than the threshold for at least the time defined by the ACC\_HG\_DURATION register. The interrupt is reset if the absolute value of the acceleration of all enabled axes ('and' relation) is lower than the threshold for at least the time defined by the ACC\_HG\_DURATION register. The interrupt status is stored in bit ACC\_HIGH\_G in the INT\_STA register. The relation between the content of ACC\_HG\_DURATION and the actual delay of the interrupt generation is delay [ms] = [ACC\_HG\_DURATION + 1] \* 2 ms. Therefore, possible delay times range from 2 ms to 512 ms.

Params	Value	[Reg Addr]: Register Value
Interrupt Parameters	Threshold	[ACC_HG_THRES]: bit7 : bit0
	Duration	[ACC_HG_DURATION]: bit7 : bit0
Axis selection	X-axis	[ACC_INT_Settings]: xx1xxxxxb
	Y-axis	[ACC_INT_Settings]: x1xxxxxb
	Z-axis	[ACC_INT_Settings]: 1xxxxxxb

#### Table 3-42: High-G Interrupt parameters and Axis selection

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#### 3.8.2.4 Gyroscope High Rate Interrupt

This interrupt is based on the comparison of angular rate data against a high-rate threshold for the detection of shock or other high-angular rate events. The principle is made clear in Figure 3 below:



Figure 3: High rate interrupt

The high-rate interrupt is enabled (disabled) per axis by writing '1' ('0') to bits  $GYRO\_HIGH\_RATE$  in the *INT\\_EN* register and for each axis by writing to the *HR\_X\_AXIS*, *HR\_Y\_AXIS*, and *HR\_Z\_AXIS*, respectively in the GYR\_INT\_SETTING register. The high-rate threshold is set through the *HR\_<axis>*\_Threshold bits in the appropriate *GYR\_HR\_<axis>\_SET register*. The meaning of an LSB of *HR\_<axis>\_Threshold* depends on the selected °/s-range: it corresponds to 62.5°/s in 2000°/s-range, 31.25°/s in 1000°/s-range, 15.625°/s in 500°/s -range ...). The *HR\_<axis>\_Threshold* register setting 0 corresponds to 62.26°/s in 2000°/s-range, 31.13°/s in 1000°/s-range (999.87°/s 1000°/s-range, 499.93°/s in 500°/s -range ...).

A hysteresis can be selected by setting the  $HR_<axis>_THRES_HYST$  bits. Analogously to threshold, the meaning of an LSB of  $HR_<axis>_THRES_HYST$  bits is °/s-range dependent: The  $HR_<axis>_THRES_HYST$  register setting 0 corresponds to an angular rate difference of 62.26°/s in 2000°/s-range, 31.13°/s in 1000°/s-range, 15.56°/s in 500°/s-range .... The meaning of an LSB of  $HR_<axis>_THRES_HYST$  depends on the selected °/s-range too: it corresponds to 62.5°/s in 2000°/s-range, 31.25°/s in 1000°/s-range, 15.625°/s in 500°/s - range ....).

The high-rate interrupt is generated if the absolute value of the angular rate of at least one of the enabled axes ('or' relation) is higher than the threshold for at least the time defined by the  $GYR\_DUR\_<axis>$  register. The interrupt is reset if the absolute value of the angular rate of all enabled axes ('and' relation) is lower than the threshold minus the hysteresis. In bit  $GYR\_HIGH\_RATE$  in the  $INT\_STA$  the interrupt status is stored. The relation between the content of  $GYR\_DUR\_<axis>$  and the actual delay of the interrupt generation is delay [ms] =  $[GYR\_DUR\_<axis> + 1]$  \* 2.5 ms. Therefore, possible delay times range from 2.5 ms to 640 ms.

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Params	Value	[Reg Addr]: Register Value
	X-axis	[GYR_INT_SETTING]: xxxx1xxxb
Axis selection	Y-axis	[GYR_INT_SETTING]: xxx1xxxxb
	Z-axis	[GYR_INT_SETTING]: xx1xxxxxb
High Rate Filter	Filtered	[GYR_INT_SETTING]: 0xxxxxxb
settings	Unfiltered	[GYR_INT_SETTING]: 1xxxxxxb
	Threshold	[GYR_HR_X_SET]: bit4 : bit0
Interrupt Settings X- axis	Duration	[GYR_DUR_X]: bit7 : bit0
	Hysteresis	[GYR_HR_X_SET]: bit6 : bit5
	Threshold	[GYR_HR_Y_SET]: bit4 : bit0
Interrupt Settings Y- axis	Duration	[GYR_DUR_Y]: bit7 : bit0
uxi5	Hysteresis	[GYR_HR_Y_SET]: bit6 : bit5
Interrupt Settings X- axis	Threshold	[GYR_HR_Z_SET]: bit4 : bit0
	Duration	[GYR_DUR_Z]: bit7 : bit0
	Hysteresis	[GYR_HR_Z_SET]: bit6 : bit5

### Table 3-43: High Rate Interrupt parameters and Axis selection

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#### 3.8.2.5 Gyroscope Any Motion Interrupt

Any-motion (slope) detection uses the slope between successive angular rate signals to detect changes in motion. An interrupt is generated when the slope (absolute value of angular rate difference) exceeds a preset threshold. It is cleared as soon as the slope falls below the threshold. The principle is made clear in Figure 4.



Figure 4: Principle of any-motion detection

The threshold is defined through register GYR\_AM\_THRES. In terms of scaling 1 LSB of GYR\_AM\_THRES corresponds to 1 °/s in 2000°/s-range (0.5°/s in 1000°/s-range, 0.25°/s in 500°/s -range ...). Therefore the maximum value is 125°/s in 2000°/s-range (62.5°/s 1000°/s-range, 31.25 in 500°/s -range ...).

The time difference between the successive angular rate signals depends on the selected update rate(fs) which is coupled to the bandwidth and equates to 1/(4\*fs) (t=1/(4\*fs)). For bandwidth settings with an update rate higher than 400Hz (bandwidth =0,1,2) fs is set to 400Hz.

In order to suppress false triggers, the interrupt is only generated (cleared) if a certain number *N* of consecutive slope data points is larger (smaller) than the slope threshold given by GYR\_AM\_THRES. This number is set by the Slope Samples bits in the GYR\_AM\_SET register. It is  $N = [Slope Samples + 1]^{4}$ . N is set in samples. Thus the time is scaling with the update rate (fs).

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### 3.8.2.6 Enabling (disabling) for each axis

Any-motion detection can be enabled (disabled) for each axis separately by writing '1' ('0') to bits  $AM_X_AXIS$ ,  $AM_Y_AXIS$ ,  $AM_Z_AXIS$  in the  $GYR_INT_SETTING$  register. The criteria for any-motion detection are fulfilled and the Any-Motion interrupt is generated if the slope of any of the enabled axes exceeds the threshold  $GYR_AM_THRES$  for [Slope Samples+1]\*4 consecutive times. As soon as the slopes of all enabled axes fall or stay below this threshold for [Slope Samples +1]\*4 consecutive times the interrupt is cleared unless interrupt signal is latched.

#### 3.8.2.7 Axis of slope / any motion interrupt

The interrupt status is stored in bit *GYRO\_AM* in the *INT\_EN* register. The Any-motion interrupt supplies additional information about the detected slope.

Params	Value	[Reg Addr]: Register Value			
	X-axis	[GYR_INT_SETING]: xxxxxxx1b			
Axis selection	Y-axis	[GYR_INT_SETING]: xxxxxx1xb			
	Z-axis	[GYR_INT_SETING]: xxxxx1xxb			
Any Motion Filter	Filtered	[GYR_INT_SETING]: x0xxxxxxb			
settings	Unfiltered	[GYR_INT_SETING]: x1xxxxxxb			
	Threshold	[GYR_AM_THRES]: bit6 : bit0			
Interrupt Settings	Slope Samples	[GYR_AM_SET]: bit1 : bit0			
	Awake Duration	[GYR_AM_SET]: bit3 : bit2			

Table 3-44: Axis selection and any motion interrupt



### 3.9 Self-Test

### **3.9.1 Power On Self Test (POST)**

During the device startup, a power on self test is executed. This feature checks that the connected sensors and microcontroller are responding / functioning correctly. Following tests are executed

Components	Test type
Accelerometer	Verify chip ID
Magnetometer	Verify chip ID
Gyroscope	Verify chip ID
Microcontroller	Memory Build In Self Test

The results of the POST are stored at register ST\_RESULT, where a bit set indicates test passed and cleared indicates self test failed.

#### **3.9.2 Build In Self Test (BIST)**

The host can trigger a self test from CONFIG MODE. The test can be triggered by setting bit SELF\_TEST in the in the SYS\_TRIGGER register, the results are stored in the ST\_RESULT register. During the execution of the system test, all other features are paused.

Components	Test type
Accelerometer	built in self test
Magnetometer	built in self test
Gyroscope	built in self test
Microcontroller	No test performed

Table 3-46: I	Power on	Self	Test
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### 3.10 Boot loader

The boot loader is located at the start of the program memory and it is executed at each reset / power-on sequence. It first checks the status of the nBOOT\_LOAD\_PIN.

If the nBOOT\_LOAD\_PIN is pulled low during reset / power-on sequence, it continues execution in boot loader mode. Otherwise the device continues to boot in application mode.

In case there is a firmware update, then an application note would be available in time with the necessary information to upgrade at the host side. Nevertheless it is recommended that the nBOOT\_LOAD\_PIN is connected as shown in <u>section 5</u>.

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### 3.11 Calibration

Though the sensor fusion software runs the calibration algorithm of all the three sensors (accelerometer, gyroscope and magnetometer) in the background to remove the offsets, some preliminary steps had to be ensured for this automatic calibration<sup>5</sup> to take place.

The accelerometer and the gyroscope are relatively less susceptible to external disturbances, as a result of which the offset is negligible. Whereas the magnetometer is susceptible to external magnetic field and therefore to ensure proper heading accuracy, the calibration steps described below have to be taken.

Depending on the sensors been selected in the fusion mode, the following simple steps had to be taken after every 'Power on Reset' for proper calibration of the device.

### **3.11.1** Accelerometer Calibration

- Place the device in 6 different stable positions for a period of few seconds to allow the accelerometer to calibrate.
- Make sure that there is slow movement between 2 stable positions
- The 6 stable positions could be in any direction, but make sure that the device is lying at least once perpendicular to the x, y and z axis.
- The register <u>CALIB\_STAT</u> can be read to see the calibration status of the accelerometer.

#### **3.11.2** Gyroscope Calibration

- Place the device in a single stable position for a period of few seconds to allow the gyroscope to calibrate
- The register <u>CALIB\_STAT</u> can be read to see the calibration status of the gyroscope.

### 3.11.3 Magnetometer Calibration

Magnetometer in general are susceptible to both hard-iron and soft-iron distortions, but majority of the cases are rather due to the former. And the steps mentioned below are to calibrate the magnetometer for hard-iron distortions.

Nevertheless certain precautions need to be taken into account during the positioning of the sensor in the PCB which is described in our HSMI (Handling, Soldering and Mounting Instructions) application note to avoid unnecessary magnetic influences.

#### Compass, M4G & NDOF\_FMC\_OFF:

- Make some random movements (for example: writing the number '8' on air) until the CALIB\_STAT register indicates fully calibrated.
- It takes more calibration movements to get the magnetometer calibrated than in the NDOF mode.

#### NDOF:

- The same random movements have to be made to calibrate the sensor as in the FMC\_OFF mode, but here it takes relatively less calibration movements (and slightly higher current consumption) to get the magnetometer calibrated.
- The register <u>CALIB\_STAT</u> can be read to see the calibration status of the magnetometer.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> It is not possible to disable the automatic calibration which runs in the background

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#### **3.11.4** Reuse of Calibration Profile

Once the device is calibrated, the calibration profile can be reused to get the correct orientation data immediately after 'Power of Reset' (prior to going through the steps mentioned in the above section). However, once the sensor enters the internal calibration routine, the calibration profile is overwritten with the newly obtained sensor offsets and sensor radius. Depending on the application, necessary steps had to be ensured for proper calibration of the sensor.

#### **Reading Calibration profile**

The calibration profile includes sensor offsets and sensor radius. Host system can read the offsets and radius only after a full calibration is achieved and the operation mode is switched to CONFIG\_MODE. Refer to sensor offsets and sensor radius registers.

#### **Setting Calibration profile**

It is important that the correct offsets and corresponding sensor radius are used. Incorrect offsets may result in unreliable orientation data even at calibration accuracy level 3. To set the calibration profile the following steps need to be taken

- 1. Select the operation mode to CONFIG MODE
- 2. Write the corresponding sensor offsets and radius data
- 3. Change operation mode to fusion mode

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# 4. Register description

### 4.1 General Remarks

The entire communication with the device is performed by reading from and writing to registers. Registers have a width of 8 bits. There are several registers which are either completely or partially marked as 'reserved'. Any reserved bit is ignored when it is written and no specific value is guaranteed when read. It is recommended not to use registers at all which are completely marked as 'reserved'. Furthermore it is recommended to mask out (logical and with zero) reserved bits of registers which are partially marked as reserved.

Read-Only Registers are marked as shown in Table 4-1: Register Access Coding. Any attempt to write to these registers is ignored.

There are bits within some registers that trigger internal sequences. These bits are configured for write-only access and read as value '0'.



### 4.2 Register map

The register map is separated into two logical pages, Page 1 contains sensor specific configuration data and Page 0 contains all other configuration parameters and output data.

At power-on Page 0 is selected, the PAGE\_ID register can be used to identify the current selected page and change between page 0 and page 1.

### 4.2.1 Register map Page 0

Table 4-1: Register Access Coding

read/write read only write only reserved

Table 4-2: Register Map Page 0

Register Address	Register Name	Default Value	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0		
7F-6B	Reserved	NA										
6A	MAG_RADIUS_ MSB		Magnetometer Radius									
69	MAG_RADIUS_ LSB			Magnetometer Radius								
68	ACC_RADIUS_ MSB					Accelero	ometer Radi	us				
67	ACC_RADIUS_ LSB					Accelero	ometer Radi	us				
66	GYR_OFFSET_ Z_MSB	0x00				Gyroscope	e Offset Z <1	.5:8>				
65	GYR_OFFSET_ Z LSB	0x00				Gyroscop	e Offset Z <	7:0>				
64	GYR_OFFSET_ Y_MSB	0x00				Gyroscope	e Offset Y <1	.5:8>				
63	GYR_OFFSET_ Y_LSB	0x00				Gyroscope	e Offset Y <	7:0>				
62	GYR_OFFSET_ X_MSB	0x00				Gyroscope	e Offset X <1	.5:8>				
61	GYR_OFFSET_ X_LSB	0x00		Gyroscope Offset X <7:0>								
60	MAG_OFFSET _Z_MSB	0x00		Magnetometer Offset Z <15:8>								
5F	MAG_OFFSET _Z_LSB	0x00				Magnetome	ter Offset Z	<7:0>				
5E	MAG_OFFSET _Y_MSB	0x00			ļ	Magnetomet	er Offset Y	<15:8>				
5D	MAG_OFFSET _Y_LSB	0x00				Magnetome	ter Offset Y	<7:0>				
5C	MAG_OFFSET _X_MSB	0x00			ļ	Magnetomet	er Offset X	<15:8>				
5B	MAG_OFFSET _X_LSB	0x00				Magnetome	ter Offset X	<7:0>				
5A	ACC_OFFSET_ Z_MSB	0x00				Acceleromet	er Offset Z	<15:8>				
59	ACC_OFFSET_ Z_LSB	0x00				Accelerome	ter Offset Z	<7:0>				
58	ACC_OFFSET_ Y_MSB	0x00		Accelerometer Offset Y <15:8>								
57	ACC_OFFSET_ Y_LSB	0x00		Accelerometer Offset Y <7:0>								
56	ACC_OFFSET_ X_MSB	0x00		Accelerometer Offset X <15:8>								
55	ACC_OFFSET_ X_LSB	0x00				Accelerome	ter Offset X	<7:0>				
43 - 54	Reserved	0x00										

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### BNO055 Data sheet

Register Address	Register Name	Default Value	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0	
42	AXIS_MAP_SI GN	TBD						Remappe d X axis sign	Remappe d Y axis sign	Remappe d Z axis sign	
41	AXIS_MAP_CO NFIG	TBD		Remapped Z axis Remapped Y axi							
40	TEMP_SOURC E	0x02							va TEMP_So		
3F	SYS_TRIGGER	0x00	CLK_S EL	RST_IN T	RST_S YS					Self_Test	
3E	PWR_MODE	0x00							Power Mo	ode <1:0>	
3D	OPR_MODE	0x1C						Operation I	Mode <3:0>		
3C	Reserved	0xFF	ORI_An			TEMP_U					
3B	UNIT_SEL	0x80	droid_W indows			nit		EUL_Unit	GYR_Unit	ACC_Unit	
ЗA	SYS_ERR	0x00					n Error Code				
39	SYS_STATUS	0x00				System	Status Cod	e			
38	SYS_CLK_STA TUS	0x00			400 11					ST_MAI N_CLK	
37	INT_STA	0x00	ACC_N M	ACC_A M	ACC_HI GH_G		GYR_HIG H_RATE	GYRO_A M			
36	ST_RESULT	0x0F					ST_MCU	ST_GYR	ST_MAG	ST_ACC	
35	CALIB_STAT	0x00		ib Status :3		alib Status ):3	ACC Calib	Status 0:3	MAG Calib	Status 0:3	
34	TEMP	0x00				Ter	nperature				
33	GRV_Data_Z_ MSB	0x00		Gravity Vector Data Z <15:8>							
32	GRV_Data_Z_L SB	0x00	Gravity Vector Data Z <7:0>								
31	GRV_Data_Y_ MSB	0x00		Gravity Vector Data Y <15:8>							
30	GRV_Data_Y_L SB	0x00		Gravity Vector Data Y <7:0>							
2F	GRV_Data_X_ MSB	0x00				Gravity Vec	tor Data X <	15:8>			
2E	GRV_Data_X_L SB	0x00				Gravity Veo	ctor Data X <	<7:0>			
2D	LIA_Data_Z_M BS	0x00			Li	near Acceler	ration Data Z	2 <15:8>			
2C	LIA_Data_Z_LS B	0x00			Li	near Accele	eration Data	Z <7:0>			
2B	LIA_Data_Y_M BS	0x00			Liı	near Acceler	ration Data Y	′ <15:8>			
2A	LIA_Data_Y_LS B	0x00			Li	near Accele	ration Data	Y <7:0>			
29	LIA_Data_X_M BS	0x00			Lii	near Acceler	ration Data X	< <15:8>			
28	LIA_Data_X_LS B	0x00			Li	near Accele	eration Data	X <7:0>			
27	QUA_Data_z_ MSB	0x00				Quaternio	n z Data <1	5:8>			
26	QUA_Data_z_L SB	0x00		Quaternion z Data <7:0>							
25	QUA_Data_y_ MSB	0x00	Quaternion y Data <15:8>								
24	QUA_Data_y_L SB	0x00	Quaternion y Data <7:0>								
23	QUA_Data_x_ MSB	0x00				Quaternio	n x Data <1	5:8>			
22	QUA_Data_x_L SB	0x00	Quaternion x Data <7:0>								
21	QUA_Data_w_ MSB	0x00				Quaternio	n w Data <1	5:8>			
20	QUA_Data_w_L SB	0x00				Quaternic	on w Data <7	':0>			
1F	EUL_Pitch_MS B	0x00				Pitch	Data <15:8>				

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#### BNO055 Data sheet

Register Address	Register Name	Default Value	bit7 bit6 bit5 bit4 bit3 bit2 bit1 bit0										
1E	EUL_Pitch_LSB	0x00	Pitch Data <7:0>										
1D	EUL_Roll_MSB	0x00	Roll Data <15:8>										
1C	EUL_Roll_LSB	0x00		Roll Data <7:0>									
1B	EUL_Heading_ MSB	0x00				Heading	g Data <15:8	}>					
1A	EUL_Heading_ LSB	0x00				Headin	g Data <7:0	>					
19	GYR_DATA_Z_ MSB	0x00				Gyroscop	e Data Z <1	5:8>					
18	GYR_DATA_Z_ LSB	0x00				Gyroscop	e Data Z <7	<b>'</b> :0>					
17	GYR_DATA_Y_ MSB	0x00				Gyroscope	e Data Y <1	5:8>					
16	GYR_DATA_Y_ LSB	0x00				Gyroscop	e Data Y <7	<b>':</b> 0>					
15	GYR_DATA_X_ MSB	0x00				Gyroscope	e Data X <1	5:8>					
14	GYR_DATA_X_ LSB	0x00				Gyroscop	e Data X <7	<b>':</b> 0>					
13	MAG_DATA_Z_ MSB	0x00				Magnetome	ter Data Z <	15:8>					
12	MAG_DATA_Z_ LSB	0x00				Magnetome	eter Data Z	<7:0>					
11	MAG_DATA_Y _MSB	0x00				Magnetome	ter Data Y <	:15:8>					
10	MAG_DATA_Y _LSB	0x00				Magnetome	eter Data Y	<7:0>					
F	MAG_DATA_X _MSB	0x00				Magnetome	ter Data X <	:15:8>					
E	MAG_DATA_X _LSB	0x00				Magnetome	eter Data X	<7:0>					
D	ACC_DATA_Z_ MSB	0x00				Acceleratio	on Data Z <1	5:8>					
С	ACC_DATA_Z_ LSB	0x00				Accelerati	on Data Z <	7:0>					
В	ACC_DATA_Y_ MSB	0x00				Acceleratio	on Data Y <1	L5:8>					
А	ACC_DATA_Y_ LSB	0x00				Accelerati	on Data Y <	7:0>					
9	ACC_DATA_X_ MSB	0x00				Acceleratio	on Data X <1	15:8>					
8	ACC_DATA_X_ LSB	0x00				Accelerati	on Data X <	7:0>					
7	Page ID	0x00				P	Page ID						
6	BL_Rev_ID	NA				Bootlo	ader Versio	n					
5	SW_REV_ID_M SB	0x03 <sup>6</sup>	SW Revision ID <15:8>										
4	SW_REV_ID_L SB	0x08 <sup>7</sup>	SW Revision ID <7:0>										
3	GYR_ID	0x0F	GYRO chip ID										
2	MAG_ID	0x32				MA	G chip ID						
1	ACC_ID	0xFB				AC	C chip ID						
0	CHIP_ID	0xA0	BN0055 CHIP ID										

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 $<sup>^6</sup>$  The current software version is 0.3.0.8 and therefore the SW\_REV\_ID\_MSB is 0x03. However the register default value is subject to change with respect to the updated software.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The current software version is 0.3.0.8 and therefore the SW\_REV\_ID\_LSB is 0x08. However the register default value is subject to change with respect to the updated software.

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### 4.2.2 Register map Page 1

Table4-3: Register Map Page 1

Register Address	Register Name	Default Value	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0	
7F-60	Reserved	0x00									
5F - 50	UNIQUE_ID	n.a.		BNO unique ID							
4F - 20	Reserved	0x00									
1F	GYR_AM_SET	0x0A						Duration :0>	Slope S	amples <1:0>	
1E	GYR_AM_THR ES	0x04				Gyro A	ny Motion <sup>-</sup>	Threshold <	6:0>		
1D	GYR_DUR_Z	0x19				HF	R_Z_Duration	on			
1C	GYR_HR_Z_S ET	0x01		HR_Z_1 HYST			HR	_Z_Thresho	old <4:0>		
1B	GYR_DUR_Y	0x19				HF	R_Y_Duration	on			
1A	GYR_HR_Y_S ET	0x01		HR_Y_1 HYST	FHRES_ <1:0>		HR	Y_Thresh	old <4:0>		
19	GYR_DUR_X	0x19				HF	R_X_Duration	on			
18	GYR_HR_X_S ET	0x01		HR_X_1 HYST			HR	_X_Thresho	old <4:0>		
17	GYR_INT_SET ING	0x00	HR_FIL T	IR_FIL AM_FIL HR_Z_ HR_Y_A HR_X_A AM_Z_A AM_Y_A AN						AM_X_AXIS	
16	ACC_NM_SET	0x0B		NO/SLOW Motion Duration <5:0> SMNM							
15	ACC_NM_THR E	0x0A		Accelerometer NO/SLOW motion threshold							
14	ACC_HG_THR ES	0xC0		Accelerometer High G Threshold							
13	ACC_HG_DUR ATION	0x0F				Accelerom	neter High C	d Duration			
12	ACC_INT_Setti ngs	0x03	HG_Z_ AXIS	HG_Y_ AXIS	HG_X_ AXIS	AM/NM_ Z AXIS	AM/NM_ Y AXIS	AM/NM_ X AXIS	AM_I	OUR <1:0>	
11	ACC_AM_THR ES	0x14			А	cceleromet	er Any moti	on threshole	d		
10	INT_EN	0x00	ACC_N M	ACC_A M	ACC_H IGH_G		GYR_HI GH_RAT E	GYRO_A M			
F	INT_MSK	0x00	ACC_N M	ACC_A M	ACC_H IGH_G		GYR_HI GH_RAT E	GYRO_A M			
E	Reserved	0x00									
D	GYR_Sleep_C onfig	0x00			AUTC	)_SLP_DUF <2:0>	RATION	SLI	P_DURATIO	ON <2:0>	
С	ACC_Sleep_C onfig	0x00				:	SLP_DURA	TION <3:0>	>	SLP_MODE	
В	GYR_Config_1	0x00		GYR_Pov					R_Power_M	ode <2:0>	
А	GYR_Config_0	0x38		GYR_Bandwidth <2:0> GYR_Range <2:0>					<2:0>		
9	MAG_Config	0x6D		MAG_Power_mo de <1:0> MAG_OPR_Mode MAG_Data_output_r					t_rate <2:0>		
8	ACC_Config	0x0D	ACC_P	WR_Mod	e <2:0>	AC	CC_BW <2:	0>	ACC_F	Range <1:0>	
7	Page ID	0x01					Page ID				
6 - 0	Reserved	n.a.									

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# 4.3 Register description (Page 0)

### 4.3.1 CHIP\_ID 0x00

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0		
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r		
Reset	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0		
Content		BNO055 CHIP ID								

DATA	bits	Description
BNO055 CHIP ID	<7:0>	Chip identification code, read-only fixed value 0xA0

### 4.3.2 ACC\_ID 0x01

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0		
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	R	r		
Reset			0xFB							
Content			ACC chip ID							
DATA	bits	5	Description							
ACC chip	ID <7:0	>	Chip ID	of the Accelero	meter device,	read-only fixed	value 0xFB			

### 4.3.3 MAG\_ID 0x02

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0		
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	R	r		
Reset		0x32								
Content				MAG	chip ID					

DATA	bits	Description
MAG chip ID	<7:0>	Chip ID of the Magnetometer device, read-only fixed value 0x32

## 4.3.4 GYR\_ID 0x03

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0		
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	R	r		
Reset		0x0F								
Content		GRYO chip ID								

DATA	bits	Description
GYRO chip ID	<7:0>	Chip ID of the Gyroscope device, read-only fixed value 0x0F

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#### 4.3.5 SW\_REV\_ID\_LSB 0x04

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset								
Content				SW Revisio	on ID <7:0>			
DATA	bits				Description	ı		
SW Pavision I	D <7.05	Lowerb	uto of SW/ Pour	ision ID read-o	nly fixed value	dononding on	SW rovicion r	rogrammod

 SW Revision ID
 <7:0>
 Lower byte of SW Revision ID, read-only fixed value depending on SW revision programmed on microcontroller

### 4.3.6 SW\_REV\_ID\_MSB 0x05

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset								
Content				SW Revisio	n ID <15:8>			

DATA	bits	Description
SW Revision ID <15:8>	<7:0>	Upper byte of SW Revision ID, read-only fixed value depending on SW revision programmed on microcontroller

#### 4.3.7 BL\_REV\_ID 0x06

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset								
Content				Bootloade	er Version			

DATA	bits	Description
Bootloader Version	<7:0>	Identifies the version of the bootloader in the microcontroller, read-only

### 4.3.8 PAGE ID 0x07

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w							
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content				Pag	e ID			

l	DATA	bits	Description
	Page ID	<7:0>	Read: Number of currently selected page
			Write: Change page, 0x00 or 0x01

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### 4.3.9 ACC\_DATA\_X\_LSB 0x08

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0	
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Content		Acceleration Data X <7:0>							

DATA	bits	Description
Acceleration Data	<7:0>	Lower byte of X axis Acceleration data, read only
X <7:0>		The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

### 4.3.10 ACC\_DATA\_X\_MSB 0x09

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content				Acceleration [	Data X <15:8>			

DATA	bits	Description
Acceleration Data X <15:8>	<7:0>	Upper byte of X axis Acceleration data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

# 4.3.11 ACC\_DATA\_Y\_LSB 0x0A

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0	
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Content		Acceleration Data Y <7:0>							

DATA	bits	Description
Acceleration Data Y <7:0>	<7:0>	Lower byte of Y axis Acceleration data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

# 4.3.12 ACC\_DATA\_Y\_MSB 0x0B

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content	Acceleration Data Y <15:8>							

DATA	bits	Description
Acceleration Data Y <15:8>	<7:0>	Upper byte of Y axis Acceleration data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

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### 4.3.13 ACC\_DATA\_Z\_LSB 0x0C

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content	Acceleration Data Z <7:0>							

DATA	bits	Description
Acceleration Data Z <7:0>	<7:0>	Lower byte of Z axis Acceleration data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR MODE register, see section 3.3

# 4.3.14 ACC\_DATA\_Z\_MSB 0x0D

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0	
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Content	Acceleration Data Z <15:8>								

DATA	bits	Description
Acceleration Data Z <15:8>	<7:0>	Upper byte of Z axis Acceleration data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

### 4.3.15 MAG\_DATA\_X\_LSB 0x0E

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content				Magnetomete	Data X <7:0>			

DATA	bits	Description
Magnetometer Data X <7:0>	<7:0>	Lower byte of X axis Magnetometer data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR MODE register, see section 3.3

### 4.3.16 MAG\_DATA\_X\_MSB 0x0F

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0		
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r		
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Content		Magnetometer Data X <15:8>								

DATA	bits	Description
Magnetometer Data X <15:8>	<7:0>	Upper byte of X axis Magnetometer data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

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### 4.3.17 MAG\_DATA\_Y\_LSB 0x10

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content				Magnetomete	r Data Y <7:0>			

DATA	bits	Description
Magnetometer Data Y <7:0>	<7:0>	Lower byte of Y axis Magnetometer data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT SEL register and data output type can be
		changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPB MODE register see section 3.3

### 4.3.18 MAG\_DATA\_Y\_MSB 0x11

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0		
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r		
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Content		Magnetometer Data Y <15:8>								

DATA	bits	Description
Magnetometer Data Y <15:8>	<7:0>	Upper byte of Y axis Magnetometer data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

### 4.3.19 MAG\_DATA\_Z\_LSB 0x12

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content				Magnetometer	r Data Z <7:0>			

DATA	bits	Description
Magnetometer Data Z <7:0>	<7:0>	Lower byte of Z axis Magnetometer data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

### 4.3.20 MAG\_DATA\_Z\_MSB 0x13

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content				Magnetometer	Data Z <15:8>			

DATA	bits	Description
Magnetometer Data Z <15:8>	<7:0>	Upper byte of Z axis Magnetometer data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

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### 4.3.21 GYR\_DATA\_X\_LSB 0x14

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content				Gyroscope [	Data X <7:0>			

DATA	bits	Description
Gyroscope Data X <7:0>	<7:0>	Lower byte of X axis Gyroscope data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

### 4.3.22 GYR\_DATA\_X\_MSB 0x15

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content				Gyroscope D	ata X <15:8>			

DATA	bits	Description
Gyroscope Data X <15:8>	<7:0>	Upper byte of X axis Gyroscope data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

### 4.3.23 GYR\_DATA\_Y\_LSB 0x16

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0	
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Content	Gyroscope Data Y <7:0>								

DATA	bits	Description
Gyroscope Data	<7:0>	Lower byte of Y axis Gyroscope data, read only
Y <7:0>		The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR MODE register, see section 3.3

### 4.3.24 GYR\_DATA\_Y\_MSB 0x17

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content				Gyroscope D	ata Y <15:8>			

DATA	bits	Description
Gyroscope Data Y <15:8>	<7:0>	Upper byte of Y axis Gyroscope data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

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### 4.3.25 GYR\_DATA\_Z\_LSB 0x18

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0			
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r			
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Content		Gyroscope Data Z <7:0>									

DATA	bits	Description
Gyroscope Data Z <7:0>	<7:0>	Lower byte of Z axis Gyroscope data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

# 4.3.26 GYR\_DATA\_Z\_MSB 0x19

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content				Gyroscope D	ata Z <15:8>			

DATA	bits	Description
Gyroscope Data Z <15:8>	<7:0>	Upper byte of Z axis Gyroscope data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

### 4.3.27 EUL\_DATA\_X\_LSB 0x1A

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0			
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r			
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Content		Heading Data <7:0>									

DATA	bits	Description
Heading Data	<7:0>	Lower byte of heading data, read only
<7:0>		The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be
		changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

### 4.3.28 EUL\_DATA\_X\_MSB 0x1B

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content				Heading D	ata <15:8>			

DATA	bits	Description
Heading Data <15:8>	<7:0>	Upper byte of heading data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

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### 4.3.29 EUL\_DATA\_Y\_LSB 0x1C

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content				Roll Dat	ta <7:0>			

DATA	bits	Description						
Roll Data <7:0>	<7:0>	Lower byte of roll data, read only						
		The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR MODE register, see section 3.3						

### 4.3.30 EUL\_DATA\_Y\_MSB 0x1D

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0	
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Content	Roll Data <15:8>								

DATA	bits	Description
Roll Data <15:8>	<7:0>	Upper byte of Y axis roll data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

### 4.3.31 EUL\_DATA\_Z\_LSB 0x1E

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content				Pitch Da	ta <7:0>			

DATA	bits	Description					
Pitch Data <7:0>	<7:0>	Lower byte of pitch data, read only					
		The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be					
		changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3					

### 4.3.32 EUL\_DATA\_Z\_MSB 0x1F

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0		
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r		
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Content		Pitch Data <15:8>								

DATA	bits	Description
Pitch Data <15:8>	<7:0>	Upper byte of pitch data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR MODE register, see section 3.3

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### 4.3.33 QUA\_DATA\_W\_LSB 0x20

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content				Quaternion [	Data W <7:0>			

DATA	bits	Description
Quaternion Data W <7:0>	<7:0>	Lower byte of w axis Quaternion data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

### 4.3.34 QUA\_DATA\_W\_MSB 0x21

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0	
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Content	Quaternion Data W <15:8>								

DATA	bits	Description
Quaternion Data W <15:8>	<7:0>	Upper byte of w axis Quaternion data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

### 4.3.35 QUA\_DATA\_X\_LSB 0x22

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0		
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r		
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Content		Quaternion Data X <7:0>								

DATA	bits	Description
Quaternion Data	<7:0>	Lower byte of X axis Quaternion data, read only
X <7:0>		The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be
		changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

### 4.3.36 QUA\_DATA\_X\_MSB 0x23

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0		
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r		
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Content		Quaternion Data X <15:8>								

DATA	bits	Description
Quaternion Data X <15:8>	<7:0>	Upper byte of X axis Quaternion data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

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### 4.3.37 QUA\_DATA\_Y\_LSB 0x24

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0	
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Content	Quaternion Data Y <7:0>								

DATA	bits	Description
Quaternion Data Y <7:0>	<7:0>	Lower byte of Y axis Quaternion data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

### 4.3.38 QUA\_DATA\_Y\_MSB 0x25

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0	
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Content	Quaternion Data Y <15:8>								

DATA	bits	Description
Quaternion Data Y <15:8>	<7:0>	Upper byte of Y axis Quaternion data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

### 4.3.39 QUA\_DATA\_Z\_LSB 0x26

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content				Quaternion [	Data Z <7:0>			

DATA	bits	Description
Quaternion Data	<7:0>	Lower byte of Z axis Quaternion data, read only
Z <7:0>		The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be
		changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

### 4.3.40 QUA\_DATA\_Z\_MSB 0x27

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content				Quaternion D	ata Z <15:8>			

DATA	bits	Description
Quaternion Data Z <15:8>	<7:0>	Upper byte of Z axis Quaternion data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

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### 4.3.41 LIA\_DATA\_X\_LSB 0x28

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content			Li	near Accelerat	ion Data X <7:0	)>		

DATA	bits	Description
Linear	<7:0>	Lower byte of X axis Linear Acceleration data, read only
Acceleration Data		The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be
X <7:0>		changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

### 4.3.42 LIA\_DATA\_X\_MSB 0x29

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content			Lir	ear Accelerati	on Data X <15:	8>		

DATA	bits	Description
Linear Acceleration Data X <15:8>	<7:0>	Upper byte of X axis Linear Acceleration data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

### 4.3.43 LIA\_DATA\_Y\_LSB 0x2A

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content			Li	near Accelerat	ion Data Y <7:	0>		

DATA	bits	Description
Linear	<7:0>	Lower byte of Y axis Linear Acceleration data, read only
Acceleration Data Y <7:0>		The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

### 4.3.44 LIA\_DATA\_Y\_MSB 0x2B

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0			
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r			
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Content		Linear Acceleration Data Y <15:8>									

DATA	bits	Description
Linear Acceleration Data Y <15:8>	<7:0>	Upper byte of Y axis Linear Acceleration data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

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### 4.3.45 LIA\_DATA\_Z\_LSB 0x2C

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0								
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r								
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
Content			Li	near Accelerat	ion Data Z <7:0	)>	Linear Acceleration Data Z <7:0>									

DATA	bits	Description
Linear	<7:0>	Lower byte of Z axis Linear Acceleration data, read only
Acceleration Data		The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be
Z <7:0>		changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

### 4.3.46 LIA\_DATA\_Z\_MSB 0x2D

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0			
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r			
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Content		Linear Acceleration Data Z <15:8>									

DATA	bits	Description
Linear Acceleration Data Z <15:8>	<7:0>	Upper byte of Z axis Linear Acceleration data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

### 4.3.47 GRV\_DATA\_X\_LSB 0x2E

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content				Gravity Vector	Data X <7:0>			

DATA	bits	Description				
Gravity Vector Data X <7:0>	<7:0>	Lower byte of X axis Gravity Vector data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3				

### 4.3.48 GRV\_DATA\_X\_MSB 0x2F

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content				Gravity Vector	Data X <15:8>			

DATA	bits	Description
Gravity Vector Data X <15:8>	<7:0>	Upper byte of X axis Gravity Vector data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

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### 4.3.49 GRV\_DATA\_Y\_LSB 0x30

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0		
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r		
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Content		Gravity Vector Data Y <7:0>								

DATA	bits	Description				
Gravity Vector Data Y <7:0>	<7:0>	Lower byte of Y axis Gravity Vector data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3				

# 4.3.50 GRV\_DATA\_Y\_MSB 0x31

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0			
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r			
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Content		Gravity Vector Data Y <15:8>									

DATA	bits	Description					
Gravity Vector Data Y <15:8>	<7:0>	Upper byte of Y axis Gravity Vector data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3					

### 4.3.51 GRV\_DATA\_Z\_LSB 0x32

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content				Gravity Vector	r Data Z <7:0>			

DATA	bits	Description
Gravity Vector	<7:0>	Lower byte of Z axis Gravity Vector data, read only
Data Z <7:0>		The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be
		changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3

### 4.3.52 GRV\_DATA\_Z\_MSB 0x33

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0		
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r		
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Content		Gravity Vector Data Z <15:8>								

DATA	bits	Description					
Gravity Vector Data Z <15:8>	<7:0>	Upper byte of Z axis Gravity Vector data, read only The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output type can be changed by updating the Operation Mode in the OPR_MODE register, see section 3.3					

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#### 4.3.53 TEMP 0x34

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content				Tempe	erature			

DATA	bits	Description
Temperature	<7:0>	Temperature data, read only
		The output units can be selected using the UNIT_SEL register and data output source can be
		selected by updating the TEMP_SOURCE register, see section 3.6.5.8

### 4.3.54 CALIB\_STAT 0x35

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content	SYS Calib Status <0:1>		GYR Calib Status <0:1>		ACC Calib Status <0:1>		MAG Calib Status <0:1>	

DATA	bits	Description
SYS Calib Status <0:1>	<7:6>	Current system calibration status, depends on status of all sensors, read-only Read: 3 indicates fully calibrated; 0 indicates not calibrated
GYR Calib Status <0:1>	<5:4>	Current calibration status of Gyroscope, read-only Read: 3 indicates fully calibrated; 0 indicates not calibrated
ACC Calib Status <0:1>	<3:2>	Current calibration status of Accelerometer, read-only Read: 3 indicates fully calibrated; 0 indicates not calibrated
MAG Calib Status <0:1>	<1:0>	Current calibration status of Magnetometer, read-only Read: 3 indicates fully calibrated; 0 indicates not calibrated

### 4.3.55 ST\_RESULT 0x36

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset					1	1	1	1
Content		Rese	erved		ST_MCU	ST_GYR	ST_MAG	ST_ACC

DATA	bits	Description
ST_MCU	3	Microcontroller self test result. Read: 1 indicated test passed; 0 indicates test failed
ST_GYR	2	Gyroscope self test result. Read: 1 indicated test passed; 0 indicates test failed
ST_MAG	1	Magnetometer self test result. Read: 1 indicated test passed; 0 indicates test failed
ST_ACC	0	Accelerometer self test result. Read: 1 indicated test passed; 0 indicates test failed

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# 4.3.56 INT\_STA 0x37

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0		0	0		
Content	ACC_NM	ACC_AM	ACC_HIG H_G	Reserved	GYR_HIG H_RATE	GYRO_AM	Reserved	Reserved

DATA	bits	Description
ACC_NM	7	Status of Accelerometer no motion or slow motion interrupt, read only Read: 1 indicates interrupt triggered; 0 indicates no interrupt triggered
ACC_AM	6	Status of Accelerometer any motion interrupt, read only Read: 1 indicates interrupt triggered; 0 indicates no interrupt triggered
ACC_HIGH_G	5	Status of Accelerometer high-g interrupt, read only Read: 1 indicates interrupt triggered; 0 indicates no interrupt triggered
GYR_HIGH_RATE	3	Status of gyroscope high rate interrupt, read only Read: 1 indicates interrupt triggered; 0 indicates no interrupt triggered
GYRO_AM	2	Status of gyroscope any motion interrupt, read only Read: 1 indicates interrupt triggered; 0 indicates no interrupt triggered

# 4.3.57 SYS\_CLK\_STATUS 0x38

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0	
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Content	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	ST_MAIN_ CLK	
DATA	bit	5			Description	า			
0	0	Indicates	Indicates that, it is Free to configure the CLK SRC (External or Internal)						
1	0	Indicates	that, it is in Co	onfiguration stat	te				

# 4.3.58 SYS\_STATUS 0x39

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content				System St	atus Code			

DATA	bits	Description
System Status Code	<7:0>	<ul> <li>Read: 0 System idle,</li> <li>1 System Error,</li> <li>2 Initializing peripherals</li> <li>3 System Initialization</li> <li>4 Executing selftest,</li> <li>5 Sensor fusion algorithm running,</li> <li>6 System running without fusion algorithm</li> </ul>

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### 4.3.59 SYS\_ERR 0x3A

	bit	t7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r		r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset									
Content					System E	rror Code			
DATA		bits				Descriptior	า		
System Er Code	ror	<7:0>	ERROR ( Read : 0 1 Periphe 2 System 3 Self tes 4 Registe 5 Registe 6 Registe 7 BNO lo	0x01) ral initializatior initialization er t result failed r map value ou r map address r map write err	n error rror ut of range out of range or not available f	or selected ope		register is SYS	TEM

8 Accelerometer power mode not available

- 9 Fusion algorithm configuration error
   A Sensor configuration error

### 4.3.60 UNIT\_SEL 0x3B

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset	0			0	0	0	0	0
Content	ORI_Andro id_Window s	rese	rved	TEMP_Uni t	reserved	EUL_Unit	GYR_Unit	ACC_Unit

DATA	bits	Description
ORI_Android_Win dows	7	Read: Current selected orientation mode Write: Select orientation mode 0: Windows orientation 1: Android orientation See section 3.6.2 for more details
TEMP_Unit	5	Read: Current selected temperature units Write: Select temperature units 0: Celsius 1: Fahrenheit See section 3.6.1 for more details
EUL_Unit	3	Read: Current selected Euler units Write: Select Euler units 0: Degrees 1: Radians See section 3.6.1 for more details
GYR_Unit	2	Read: Current selected angular rate units Write: Select angular rate units 0: dps 1: rps See section 3.6.1 for more details
ACC_Unit	1	Read: Current selected acceleration units Write: Select acceleration units 0: m/s <sup>2</sup> 1: mg See section 3.6.1 for more details

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#### 4.3.61 OPR\_MODE 0x3D

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access					r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset								
Content		Rese	erved			Operation M	Node <3:0>	

DATA	bits	Description
Operation Mode	<3:0>	Read: Current selected operation mode
<3:0>		Write: Select operation mode
		See section 3.3 for details

### 4.3.62 PWR\_MODE 0x3E

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access							r/w	r/w
Reset								
Content			Rese	erved			Power Mo	ode <1:0>

DATA	bits	Description
Power Mode	<1:0>	Read: Current selected power mode
<1:0>		Write: Select power mode
		See section 0 for details

### 4.3.63 SYS\_TRIGGER 0x3F

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	w	W	W					w
Reset	0	0	0					0
Content	CLK_SEL	RST_INT	RST_SYS					Self_Test

DATA	bits	Description
CLK_SEL	7	0: Use internal oscillator 1: Use external oscillator. Set this bit only if external crystal is connected
RST_INT	6	Set to reset all interrupt status bits, and INT output
RST_SYS	5	Set to reset system
Self_Test	0	Set to trigger self test

### 4.3.64 TEMP\_SOURCE 0x40

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access							r/w	r/w
Reset								
Content			Rese		TEMP_Source <1:0>			
DATA	bits		Description					
TEMP_Sourc <1:0>	ce <1:0>	>	See section 3.6.5.8 for details					

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### 4.3.65 AXIS\_MAP\_CONFIG 0x41

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0		
Access			r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
Reset										
Content	Rese	rved	Remapped Z axis value R			Remapped Y axis value Remapped X axis value				
DATA	bits				Description	l				
Remapped Z value	axis <5:4	>	See section 3.4 for details							
Remapped Y value	axis <3:2	>	See section 3.4 for details							
Remapped X	axis <1:0	>	See section 3.4 for details							

### 4.3.66 AXIS\_MAP\_SIGN 0x42

value

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access						r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset								
Content			Reserved			Remapped X axis sign	Remapped Y axis sign	Remapped Z axis sign

DATA	bits	Description
Remapped X axis sign	2	See section 3.4 for details
Remapped Y axis sign	1	See section 3.4 for details
Remapped Z axis sign	0	See section 3.4 for details

# 4.3.67 ACC\_OFFSET\_X\_LSB 0x55

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0	
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	
Reset									
Content	Accelerometer Offset X <7:0>								
DATA	bit	bits Description							
Accelerom Offset X <7		)>	See section 3.6.4 for details						

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Offset X <15:8>

## 4.3.68 ACC\_OFFSET\_X\_MSB 0x56

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset								
Content			ļ	Accelerometer	Offset X <15:8>	>		
DATA	bits				Description	1		
Acceleromete	er <7:0>			See	section 3.6.4 fo	or details		

# 4.3.69 ACC\_OFFSET\_Y\_LSB 0x57

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset								
Content				Accelerometer	Offset Y <7:0>			

DATA	bits	Description
Accelerometer Offset Y <7:0>	<7:0>	See section 3.6.4 for details

# 4.3.70 ACC\_OFFSET\_Y\_MSB 0x58

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset								
Content			ŀ	Accelerometer	Offset Y <15:8	>		

DATA	bits	Description
Accelerometer Offset Y <15:8>	<7:0>	See section 3.6.4 for details

## 4.3.71 ACC\_OFFSET\_Z\_LSB 0x59

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset								
Content				Accelerometer	Offset Z <7:0>			

DATA	bits	Description
Accelerometer Offset Z <7:0>	<7:0>	See section 3.6.4 for details

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## 4.3.72 ACC\_OFFSET\_Z\_MSB 0x5A

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0	
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	
Reset									
Content			Accelerometer Offset Z <15:8>						
DATA	bits	;	Description						
Accelerom Offset Z <1		>	See section 3.6.4 for details						

# 4.3.73 MAG\_OFFSET\_X\_LSB 0x5B

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset								
Content				Magnetometer	r Data X <7:0>			

DATA	bits	Description
Magnetometer Offset X <7:0>	<7:0>	See section 3.6.4 for details

# 4.3.74 MAG\_OFFSET\_X\_MSB 0x56C

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset								
Content			Ν	Magnetometer	Offset X <15:8	>		

DATA	bits	Description
Magnetometer Offset X <15:8>	<7:0>	See section 3.6.4 for details

## 4.3.75 MAG\_OFFSET\_Y\_LSB 0x5D

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset								
Content				Magnetometer	Offset Y <7:0>			

DATA	bits	Description
Magnetometer Offset Y <7:0>	<7:0>	See section 3.6.4 for details

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## 4.3.76 MAG\_OFFSET\_Y\_MSB 0x5E

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset								
Content			٦	Magnetometer	Offset Y <15:8	>		

DATA	bits	Description
Magnetometer Offset Y <15:8>	<7:0>	See section 3.6.4 for details

# 4.3.77 MAG\_OFFSET\_Z\_LSB 0x5F

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0		
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
Reset										
Content				Magnetometer	Offset Z <7:0>					
DATA	bits		Description							
Magnetome	ter <7:0	>	See section 3.6.4 for details							

Offset Z <7:0>

# 4.3.78 MAG\_OFFSET\_Z\_MSB 0x60

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset								
Content			I	Magnetometer	Offset Z <15:8>	>		

DATA	bits	Description
Magnetometer Offset 7 <15:8>	<7:0>	See section 3.6.4 for details

# 4.3.79 GYR\_OFFSET\_X\_LSB 0x61

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset								
Content				Gyroscope [	0ata X <7:0>			

DATA	bits	Description
Gyroscope Offset X <7:0>	<7:0>	See section 3.6.4 for details

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## 4.3.80 GYR\_OFFSET\_X\_MSB 0x62

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset								
Content				Gyroscope Of	fset X <15:8>			

DATA	bits	Description
Gyroscope Offset X <15:8>	<7:0>	See section 3.6.4 for details

# 4.3.81 GYR\_OFFSET\_Y\_LSB 0x63

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset								
Content				Gyroscope C	ffset Y <7:0>			

DATA	bits	Description
Gyroscope Offset Y <7:0>	<7:0>	See section 3.6.4 for details

# 4.3.82 GYR\_OFFSET\_Y\_MSB 0x64

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset								
Content				Gyroscope O	fset Y <15:8>			

DATA	bits	Description
Gyroscope Offset Y <15:8>	<7:0>	See section 3.6.4 for details

# 4.3.83 GYR\_OFFSET\_Z\_LSB 0x65

Access         r/w         r/w<		bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
	Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Content Gyroscope Offset Z <7:0>	Reset								
	Content				Gyroscope C	offset Z <7:0>			

DATA	bits	Description
Gyroscope Offset	<7:0>	See section 3.6.4 for details
Z <7:0>		

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4.3.84 GYR_OFFSET_Z_MSB 0x66												
	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0				
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w				
Reset												
Content	Gyroscope Offset Z <15:8>											
	hite				Decorintion	•						

DATA	DILS	Description
Gyroscope Offset Z <15:8>	<7:0>	See section 3.6.4 for details

## 4.3.85 ACC\_RADIUS\_LSB 0x67

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset								
Content				Accelerometer	Radius <7:0>			

DATA	bits	Description
Gyroscope Offset Z <7:0>	<7:0>	See section 3.6.4for details

## 4.3.86 ACC\_RADIUS\_MSB 0x68

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset								
Content				Accelerometer	Radius <15:8>			

DATA	bits	Description
Gyroscope Offset	<7:0>	See section 3.6.4 for details

## 4.3.87 MAG\_RADIUS\_LSB 0x69

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset								
Content				Magnetometer	Radius <7:0>			

DATA	bits	Description
Gyroscope Offset Z <7:0>	<7:0>	See section 3.6.4 for details

## 4.3.88 MAG\_RADIUS\_MSB 0x6A

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0		
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
Reset										
Content	Magnetometer Radius <15:8>									

DATA	bits	Description
Gyroscope Offset Z <15:8>	<7:0>	See section 3.6.4 for details

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# 4.4 Register description (Page 1)

# 4.4.1 Page ID 0x07

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0		
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Content		Page ID								

DATA	bits	Description
Page ID	<7:0>	Read: Number of currently selected page
-		Write: Change page, 0x00 or 0x01

# 4.4.2 ACC\_Config 0x08

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1
Content	ACC_PWR_Mode <2:0>			ļ	ACC_BW <2:0>	ACC_Ra	nge <1:0>	

DATA	bits	Description
ACC_PWR_Mode <2:0>	<7:5>	Read: current selected power mode Write: can only be changed in sensor mode, see section 3.5.2
ACC_BW <2:0>	<4:3>	Read: current selected bandwidth Write: can only be changed in sensor mode, see section 3.5.2
ACC_Range <1:0>	<2:0>	Read: current selected range Write: can only be changed in sensor mode, see section 3.5.2

# 4.4.3 MAG\_Config 0x09

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
Content	reserved	MAG_Power_mode <1:0>		MAG_OPR_	Mode <1:0>	MAG_D	ata_output_ra	te <2:0>

DATA	bits	Description
MAG_Power_mod e <1:0>	<6:5>	Read: current selected power mode Write: can only be changed in sensor mode, see section 3.5.4
MAG_OPR_Mode <1:0>	<4:3>	Read: current selected operation mode Write: can only be changed in sensor mode, see section 3.5.4
MAG_Data_output _rate <2:0>	<2:0>	Read: current selected data output rate Write: can only be changed in sensor mode, see section 3.5.4

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# 4.4.4 GYR\_Config\_0 0x0A

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0
Content	reserved		GYR_Bandwidth <2:0>			G`	/R_Range <2:	0>

DATA	bits	Description
GYR_Bandwidth <2:0>	<5:3>	Read: current selected bandwidth Write: can only be changed in sensor mode, see section 3.5.3
GYR_Range <2:0>	<2:0>	Read: current selected range Write: can only be changed in sensor mode, see section 3.5.3

# 4.4.5 GYR\_Config\_1 0x0B

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Content			reserved	GYR	Power_Mode	<2:0>		

DATA	bits	Description
GYR_Power_Mod e <2:0>	<2:0>	Read: current selected power mode Write: can only be changed in sensor mode, see section 3.5.3



# 4.4.6 ACC\_Sleep\_Config 0x0C

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset								
Content		reserved			SLP_MOD F			

DATA	bits	Description					
SLP_DURATION <3:0>	<4:1>	sensor operation mode where no fusion librar	low power mode can be only configured in the y is running. Following sleep phase duration is le to set.				
		SLP_DURATION	Accelerometer Sleep Phase Duration				
		0000b	0.5 ms				
		0001b	0.5 ms				
		0010b	0.5 ms				
		0011b	0.5 ms				
		0100b	0.5 ms				
		0101b	0.5 ms				
		0110b	1 ms				
		0111b	2 ms				
		1000b	4 ms				
		1001b	6 ms				
		1010b	10 ms				
		1011b	25 ms				
		1100b	50 ms				
		1101b	100 ms				
		1110b	500 ms				
		1111b	1000 ms				
SLP_MODE	0	operation mode where n Write 0: use event d	ower mode can be only configured in the sensor to fusion library is running riven time-base mode npling time-base mode				



## 4.4.7 GYR\_Sleep\_Config 0x0D

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset								
Content	reserved		AUTO_SLP_DURATION <2:0>			SLP_DURATION <2:0>		

DATA	bits	Desc	ription			
AUTO_SLP_DUR ATION <2:0>	<5:3>	The Gyroscope can be configures in the advanced power mode to optimize the power consumption. This can be only done if the selected operation mode in sensor mode. The auto sleep duration is the wake up duration of gyroscope during the duty cycling between normal and fast-power up mode. Possible configuration for auto sleep duration are:				
		Auto sleep duration	Time (ms)			
		000b	Not allowed			
		001b	4 ms			
		010b	5 ms			
		011b	8 ms			
		100b	10 ms			
		101b	15 ms			
		110b	20 ms			
		111b	40 ms			
SLP_DURATION <2:0>	<2:0>					
		110b	18 ms			
		111b	20 ms			

The only restriction for the use of the power save mode comes from the configuration of the digital filter bandwidth of gyroscope. For each bandwidth configuration, minimum auto sleep duration must be ensured. For example, for bandwidth = 47Hz, the minimum auto sleep duration is 5ms. This is specified in the table below. For sleep duration, there is no restriction.

Gyroscope bandwidth (Hz)	Mini Autosleep duration (ms)
32 Hz	20 ms
64 Hz	10 ms
12 Hz	20 ms
23 Hz	10 ms
47 Hz	5 ms
116 Hz	4 ms
230 Hz	4 ms
Unfiltered (523 Hz)	4 ms

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## 4.4.8 INT\_MSK 0x0F

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset	0	0	0		0	0		
Content	ACC_NM	ACC_AM	ACC_HIG H_G	reserved	GYR_HIG H_RATE	GYRO_AM	reserved	reserved

DATA	bits	Description
ACC_NM	7	Masking of Accelerometer no motion or slow motion interrupt, when enabled the interrupt will update the INT_STA register and trigger a change on the INT pin, when disabled only the INT_STA register will be updated. Read: 1: Enabled / 0: Disabled Write: 1: Enable / 0: Disable
ACC_AM	6	Masking of Accelerometer any motion interrupt, when enabled the interrupt will update the INT_STA register and trigger a change on the INT pin, when disabled only the INT_STA register will be updated. Read: 1: Enabled / 0: Disabled Write: 1: Enable / 0: Disable
ACC_HIGH_G	5	Masking of Accelerometer high-g interrupt, when enabled the interrupt will update the INT_STA register and trigger a change on the INT pin, when disabled only the INT_STA register will be updated. Read: 1: Enabled / 0: Disabled Write: 1: Enable / 0: Disable
GYR_HIGH_RATE	3	Masking of gyroscope high rate interrupt, when enabled the interrupt will update the INT_STA register and trigger a change on the INT pin, when disabled only the INT_STA register will be updated. Read: 1: Enabled / 0: Disabled Write: 1: Enable / 0: Disable
GYRO_AM	2	Masking of gyroscope any motion interrupt, when enabled the interrupt will update the INT_STA register and trigger a change on the INT pin, when disabled only the INT_STA register will be updated. Read: 1: Enabled / 0: Disabled Write: 1: Enable / 0: Disable

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## 4.4.9 INT\_EN 0x10

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset	0	0	0		0	0		
Content	ACC_NM	ACC_AM	ACC_HIG H_G	reserved	GYR_HIG H_RATE	GYRO_AM	reserved	reserved

DATA	bits	Description
ACC_NM	7	Status of Accelerometer no motion or slow motion interrupt Read: 1: Enabled / 0: Disabled Write: 1: Enable / 0: Disable interrupt
ACC_AM	6	Status of Accelerometer any motion interrupt Read: 1: Enabled / 0: Disabled Write: 1: Enable / 0: Disable interrupt
ACC_HIGH_G	5	Status of Accelerometer high-g interrupt Read: 1: Enabled / 0: Disabled Write: 1: Enable / 0: Disable interrupt
GYR_HIGH_RATE	3	Status of gyroscope high rate interrupt Read: 1: Enabled / 0: Disabled Write: 1: Enable / 0: Disable interrupt
GYRO_AM	2	Status of gyroscope any motion interrupt Read: 1: Enabled / 0: Disabled Write: 1: Enable / 0: Disable interrupt

# 4.4.10 ACC\_AM\_THRES 0x11

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
Content		Accelerometer Any motion threshold						

DATA	bits	Description
Accelerometer Any motion threshold	<7:0>	Threshold used for the any-motion interrupt. The threshold value is dependent on the accelerometer range selected in the ACC_Config register. 1 LSB = 3.91 mg (2-g range) 1 LSB = 7.81 mg (4-g range) 1 LSB = 15.63 mg (8-g range) 1 LSB = 31.25 mg (16-g range)

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## 4.4.11 ACC\_INT\_Settings 0x12

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Content	HG_Z_AXI S	HG_Y_AXI S	HG_X_AXI S	AM/NM_Z_ AXIS	AM/NM_Y AXIS	AM/NM_X AXIS	AM_DU	IR <1:0>

DATA	bits	Description
HG_Z_AXIS	7	Select which axis of the accelerometer is used to trigger a high-G interrupt 1: Enabled; 0: Disabled
HG_Y_AXIS	6	Select which axis of the accelerometer is used to trigger a high-G interrupt 1: Enabled; 0: Disabled
HG_X_AXIS	5	Select which axis of the accelerometer is used to trigger a high-G interrupt 1: Enabled; 0: Disabled
AM/NM_Z_AXIS	4	Select which axis of the accelerometer is used to trigger a any motion or no motion interrupt 1: Enabled; 0: Disabled
AM/NM_Y_AXIS	3	Select which axis of the accelerometer is used to trigger a any motion or no motion interrupt 1: Enabled; 0: Disabled
AM/NM_X_AXIS	2	Select which axis of the accelerometer is used to trigger a any motion or no motion interrupt 1: Enabled; 0: Disabled
AM_DUR <1:0>	<1:0>	Any motion interrupt triggers if [AM_DUR<1:0>+1] consecutive data points are above the any motion interrupt threshold define in ACC_AM_THRES register

## 4.4.12 ACC\_HG\_DURATION 0x13

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
Content			Δ	Accelerometer I	High G Duratio	n		

DATA	bits	Description
Accelerometer High G Duration	<7:0>	The high-g interrupt trigger delay according to [ACC_HG_DURATION + 1] * 2 ms in a range from 2 ms to 512 ms;

# 4.4.13 ACC\_HG\_THRES 0x14

	bit7	7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0		
Access	r/w		r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
Reset	1		1	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Content				Ad	ccelerometer H	ligh G Thresho	ld				
DATA		bits				Description	Ì				
DATA         Dits         Description           Accelerometer High G Threshold         <7:0>         Threshold used high-g interrupt. The threshold value is dependent on the accelerometer selected in the ACC_Config register. 1 LSB = 7.81 mg (2-g range 1 LSB = 15.63 mg (4-g range) 1 LSB = 31.25 mg (8-g range) 1 LSB = 62.5 mg (16-g range)							meter range				

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## 4.4.14 ACC\_NM\_THRES 0x15

r/w 0	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	
0	0	0					
	Ũ	0	1	0	1	0	
Accelerometer NO/SLOW motion threshold							
bits			Description	า			
		bits	bits	bits Description	bits Description	bits Description	

DAIA	5165	Description
Accelerometer NO/SLOW motion threshold	<7:0>	Threshold used for the Slow motion or no motion interrupt. The threshold value is dependent on the accelerometer range selected in the ACC_Config register. 1 LSB = 3.91 mg (2-g range) 1 LSB = 7.81 mg (4-g range) 1 LSB = 15.63 mg (8-g range) 1 LSB = 31.25 mg (16-g range)

# 4.4.15 ACC\_NM\_SET 0x16

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset		0	0	0	1	0	1	1
Content	reserved			slo_no_mo	t_dur <5:0>			SMNM

DATA	bits	Description
slo_no_mot_dur <5:0>	<6:1>	Function depends on whether the slow-motion or no-motion interrupt function has been selected. If the slow-motion interrupt function has been enabled (SMNM = '0') then [slo_no_mot_dur<1:0>+1] consecutive slope data points must be above the slow/no-motion threshold (ACC_NM_THRES) for the slow-/no-motion interrupt to trigger. If the no-motion interrupt function has been enabled (SMNM = '1') then slo_no_motion_dur<5:0> defines the time for which no slope data points must exceed the slow/no-motion threshold (ACC_NM_THRES) for the slow/no-motion interrupt to trigger. The delay time in seconds may be calculated according with the following equation: slo_no_mot_dur<5:4>='b00' → [slo_no_mot_dur<3:0> + 1] slo_no_mot_dur<5:4>='b01' → [slo_no_mot_dur<3:0> * 4 + 20] slo_no_mot_dur<5>='1' → [slo_no_mot_dur<4:0> * 8 + 88]
SMNM	0	Select slow motion or no motion interrupt 0: Slow motion; 1: No motion

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AM\_FILT

HR\_Z\_AXIS

HR\_Y\_AXIS

HR\_X\_AXIS

AM\_Z\_AXIS

AM\_Y\_AXIS

AM\_X\_AXIS

bit4 bit3 bit2

'1' ('0') selects unfiltered (filtered) data for any motion interrupt

1' ('0') enables (disables) high rate interrupt for z-axis

1' ('0') enables (disables) ) high rate interrupt for y-axis

1' ('0') enables (disables) ) high rate interrupt for x-axis 1' ('0') enables (disables) any motion interrupt for z-axis

1' ('0') enables (disables) any motion interrupt for y-axis

1' ('0') enables (disables) any motion interrupt for x-axis

bit0

bit1

		-										
Access	r/w	1	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w			
Reset	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Content	HR_F	ILT	AM_FILT	HR_Z_AXI S	HR_Y_AXI S	HR_X_AXI S	AM_Z_AXI S	AM_Y_AXI S	AM_X_AXI S			
DATA		bits		Description								
HR_FIL	R_FILT 7 '1' ('0') selects unfiltered (filtered) data for high rate interrupt											

#### 4.4.16 GYR\_INT\_SETTING 0x17

6

5

4 3

2 1

0

bit7 bit6 bit5

#### 4.4.17 GYR\_HR\_X\_SET 0x18

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Content	reserved	HR_X_THF <1:	RES_HYST :0>	HR_X_Threshold <4:0>				

DATA	bits	Description
HR_X_THRES_HY ST <1:0>	<6:5>	High rate hysteresis for X axis = (255 + 256 * HR_X_THRES_HYST) *4 LSB The high rate value scales with the range setting 1 LSB = 62.26°/s in 2000°/s-range 1 LSB = 31.13°/s in 1000°/s-range 1 LSB = 15.56°/s in 500°/s -range 
HR_X_Threshold <4:0>	<4:0>	High rate threshold is for the gyroscope X axis. The threshold value is dependent on the gyroscope range selected in the GRY_Config_0 register. 1 LSB = 62.5°/s in 2000°/s-range 1 LSB = 31.25°/s in 1000°/s-range 1 LSB = 15.625°/s in 500°/s -range 

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# 4.4.18 GYR\_DUR\_X 0x19

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1
Content	HR_X_Duration							
DATA	bits	5			Description	1		

DATA	bits	Description
HR_X_Duration	<7:0>	High rate duration = $(1 + HR_X_Duration)^2.5ms$

# 4.4.19 GYR\_HR\_Y\_SET 0x1A

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Content	reserved	HR_Y_THRES_HYST <1:0>		HR_Y_Threshold <4:0>				

DATA	bits	Description
HR_Y_THRES_HY ST <1:0>	<6:5>	High rate hysteresis for Y axis = (255 + 256 * HR_Y_THRES_HYST) *4 LSB The high rate value scales with the range setting 1 LSB = 62.26°/s in 2000°/s-range 1 LSB = 31.13°/s in 1000°/s-range 1 LSB = 15.56°/s in 500°/s -range 
HR_Y_Threshold <4:0>	<4:0>	High rate threshold is for the gyroscope Y axis. The threshold value is dependent on the gyroscope range selected in the GRY_Config_0 register. 1 LSB = 62.5°/s in 2000°/s-range 1 LSB = 31.25°/s in 1000°/s-range 1 LSB = 15.625°/s in 500°/s -range 

# 4.4.20 GYR\_DUR\_Y 0x1B

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0	
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	
Reset	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	
Content		HR_Y_Duration							

DATA	bits	Description
HR_Y_Duration	<7:0>	High rate duration = (1 + HR_Y_Duration)*2.5ms

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## 4.4.21 GYR\_HR\_Z\_SET 0x1C

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Content	reserved	HR_Z_THRES_HYST <1:0>		HR_Z_Threshold <4:0>				

DATA	bits	Description
HR_Z_THRES_HY ST <1:0>	<6:5>	High rate hysteresis for Z axis = (255 + 256 * HR_Z_THRES_HYST) *4 LSB The high rate value scales with the range setting 1 LSB = 62.26°/s in 2000°/s-range 1 LSB = 31.13°/s in 1000°/s-range 1 LSB = 15.56°/s in 500°/s -range 
HR_Z_Threshold <4:0>	<4:0>	High rate threshold is for the gyroscope Z axis. The threshold value is dependent on the gyroscope range selected in the GRY_Config_0 register. 1 LSB = 62.5°/s in 2000°/s-range 1 LSB = 31.25°/s in 1000°/s-range 1 LSB = 15.625°/s in 500°/s -range 

# 4.4.22 GYR\_DUR\_Z 0x1D

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0	
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	
Reset	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	
Content		HR_Z_Duration							

DATA	bits	Description
HR_Z_Duration	<7:0>	High rate duration = (1 + HR_Z_Duration)*2.5ms

#### 4.4.23 GYR\_AM\_THRES 0x1E

	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0					
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w					
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0					
Content	reserved		Gyro Any Motion Threshold <6:0>										

DATA	bits	Description
DATA	DILS	Description
Gyro Any Motion Threshold <6:0>	<6:0>	Any motion threshold is for the gyroscope any motion interrupt. The threshold value is dependent on the gyroscope range selected in the GRY_Config_0 register. 1 LSB = 1 °/s in 2000°/s-range 1 LSB = 0.5°/s in 1000°/s-range 1 LSB = 0.25°/s in 500°/s -range 

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## 4.4.24 GYR\_AM\_SET 0x1F

	bit7	bit6 bit5		bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Reset	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
Content		rese	rved		Awake Dur	ation <1:0>	Slope Sam	ples <1:0>

DATA	bits	Description
Awake Duration <1:0>	<3:2>	0=8 samples, 1=16 samples, 2=32 samples, 3=64 samples
Slope Samples <1:0>	<1:0>	Any motion interrupt triggers if [Slope Samples + 1]*4 consecutive data points are above the any motion interrupt threshold define in GYRO_AM_THRES register

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## 4.5 Digital Interface

The BNO055 supports two digital interfaces for communication between the salve and host device:  $I^2C$  which supports the HID-I2C protocol and I2C Standard and Fast modes; and the UART interface.

The active interface is selected by the state of the protocol select pins (PS1 and PS0), Table 4-4 shows the mapping between the protocol select pins and the selected interface mode.

Table 4-4: protocol select pin mapping

PS1	PS0	Functionality
0	0	Standard/Fast I2C Interface
0	1	HID over I2C
1	0	UART Interface
1	1	Reserved

It is not allowed to keep the protocol select pins floating.

Both digital interfaces share partially the same pins, the pin mapping for each interface is shown in Table 4-5.

PIN	I2C Interfaces (PS1=0b0)	UART Interface (PS1.PS0=0b10)
COM0	SDA	Тх
COM1	SCL	Rx
COM2	GNDIO	
COM3	I2C address select	

Table 4-5: Mapping of digital interface pins

The following table shows the electrical specifications of the interface pins:

 Table 4-6: Electrical specification of the interface pins

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Pull-up Resistance, COM3 pin	$R_{up}$	Internal Pull-up Resistance to VDDIO	20	40	60	kΩ
Input Capacitance	Cin			5	10	pF
I²C Bus Load Capacitance (max. drive capability)	$C_{\rm I2C\_Load}$				400	pF

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## 4.6 I2C Protocol

The I<sup>2</sup>C bus uses SCL (= SCx pin, serial clock) and SDA (= SDx pin, serial data input and output) signal lines. Both lines are connected to  $V_{DDIO}$  externally via pull-up resistors so that they are pulled high when the bus is free.

The I<sup>2</sup>C interface of the BNO055 is compatible with the I<sup>2</sup>C Specification UM10204 Rev. 03 (19 June 2007), available at http://www.nxp.com. The BNO055 supports I<sup>2</sup>C standard mode and fast mode, only 7-bit address mode is supported. The BNO055 I<sup>2</sup>C interface uses clock stretching.

The default  $l^2C$  address of the BNO055 device is 0101001b (0x29). The alternative address 0101000b (0x28), in I2C mode the input pin COM3 can be used to select between the primary and alternative I2C address as shown in Table 4-7.

I2C configuration	COM3_state	I2C address
Slave	HIGH	0x29
Slave	LOW	0x28
HID-I2C	Х	0x40

#### Table 4-7: I2C address selection

The timing specification for I<sup>2</sup>C of the BNO055 is given in Table 4-8: I<sup>2</sup>C timings:

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Max	Units
Clock Frequency	f <sub>SCL</sub>			400	kHz
SCL Low Period	t <sub>LOW</sub>		1.3		
SCL High Period	<b>t</b> HIGH		0.6		
SDA Setup Time	<b>t</b> sudat		0.1		
SDA Hold Time	t <sub>hddat</sub>		0.0		
Setup Time for a repeated Start Condition	<b>t</b> susta		0.6		μS
Hold Time for a Start Condition	<b>t</b> hdsta		0.6		μ3
Setup Time for a Stop Condition	t <sub>susto</sub>		0.6		
Time before a new Transmission can start	t <sub>BUF</sub>		1.3		
Idle time between write accesses, normal mode, standby mode, low- power mode 2	tIDLE_wacc_nm		2		μs
Idle time between write accesses, suspend mode, low-power mode 1	t <sub>IDLE_wacc_su</sub> m		450		μs

## Table 4-8: I<sup>2</sup>C timings





t<sub>SUDAT</sub>

t<sub>SUSTO</sub>

Figure 5: I<sup>2</sup>C timing diagram shows the definition of the I<sup>2</sup>C timings given in Table 4-8:



t<sub>SUSTA</sub>

The I<sup>2</sup>C protocol works as follows:

SDA

t<sub>HDSTA</sub>

**START**: Data transmission on the bus begins with a high to low transition on the SDA line while SCL is held high (start condition (S) indicated by I<sup>2</sup>C bus master). Once the START signal is transferred by the master, the bus is considered busy.

**STOP**: Each data transfer should be terminated by a Stop signal (P) generated by master. The STOP condition is a low to HIGH transition on SDA line while SCL is held high.

**ACK**: Each byte of data transferred must be acknowledged. It is indicated by an acknowledge bit sent by the receiver. The transmitter must release the SDA line (no pull down) during the acknowledge pulse while the receiver must then pull the SDA line low so that it remains stable low during the high period of the acknowledge clock cycle.

In the following diagrams these abbreviations are used:

S	Start
Р	Stop
ACKS	Acknowledge by slave
ACKM	Acknowledge by master
NACKM	Not acknowledge by master
RW	Read / Write

A START immediately followed by a STOP (without SCL toggling from 'VDDIO' to 'GND') is not supported. If such a combination occurs, the STOP is not recognized by the device.

#### I<sup>2</sup>C write access:

I<sup>2</sup>C write access can be used to write a data byte in one sequence. The sequence begins with start condition generated by the master, followed by 7 bits slave address and a write bit (RW = 0). The slave sends an acknowledge bit (ACK = 0) and releases the bus. Then the master sends the one byte register address. The slave again acknowledges the transmission

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and waits for the 8 bits of data which shall be written to the specified register address. After the slave acknowledges the data byte, the master generates a stop signal and terminates the writing protocol.

Example of an I<sup>2</sup>C write access to the BNO055 (i2c address in this case: 0101000b = 0x28):

Start			Slav	e add	ress			RW	ACKS	dummy	Register address (0x00 0x7F)					ACKS	X Data						ACKS	Stop
S	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	А	x	x x x x x x x x A x x x x x x x x						А	Р						
	Figure 6: I <sup>2</sup> C write																							

# I<sup>2</sup>C read access:

I<sup>2</sup>C read access also can be used to read one or multiple data bytes in one sequence. A read sequence consists of a one-byte I<sup>2</sup>C write phase followed by the I<sup>2</sup>C read phase. The two parts of the transmission must be separated by a repeated start condition (Sr). The I<sup>2</sup>C write phase addresses the slave and sends the register address to be read. After slave acknowledges the transmission, the master generates again a start condition and sends the slave address together with a read bit (RW = 1). Then the master releases the bus and waits for the data bytes to be read out from slave. After each data byte the master has to generate an acknowledge bit (ACK = 0) to enable further data transfer. A NACKM (ACK = 1) from the master stops the data being transferred from the slave. The slave releases the bus so that the master can generate a STOP condition and terminate the transmission.

The register address is automatically incremented and, therefore, more than one byte can be sequentially read out. Once a new data read transmission starts, the start address will be set to the register address specified in the latest I<sup>2</sup>C write command. By default the start address is set at 0x00. In this way repetitive multi-bytes reads from the same starting address are possible.

Example of an I<sup>2</sup>C read access to the BNO055:



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## 4.7 UART Protocol

The BNO055 supports UART interface with the following settings: 115200 bps, 8N1 (8 data bits, no parity bit, one stop bit). The maximum length support for read and write is 128 Byte. The packet structure for register read and write are described below.

## **Register write**

#### Command:

Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	••••	Byte (n+4)
Start Byte	Write	Reg addr	Length	Data 1		Data n
0xAA	0x00	<>	<>	<>		<>

#### Acknowledge Response:

Byte 1	Byte 2
Response Header	Status
0xEE	0x01: WRITE_SUCCESS 0x03: WRITE_FAIL 0x04: REGMAP_INVALID_ADDRESS 0x05: REGMAP_WRITE_DISABLED 0x06: WRONG_START_BYTE 0x07: BUS_OVER_RUN_ERROR 0x08: MAX_LENGTH_ERROR 0x09: MIN_LENGTH_ERROR 0x0A: RECEIVE_CHARACTER_TIMEOUT

#### **Register read**

#### Command:

Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 2	Byte 3
Start Byte	Read	Reg addr	Length
0xAA	0x01	<>	<>

#### Read Success Response:

Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	••••	Byte (n+2)
ResponseByte	length	Data 1	•••••	Data n
0xBB	<>			

## Read Failure or Acknowledge Response:

Byte 1	Byte 2			
Response Header	Status			
0xEE	0x02: READ_FAIL 0x04: REGMAP_INVALID_ADDRESS 0x05: REGMAP_WRITE_DISABLED 0x06: WRONG_START_BYTE 0x07: BUS_OVER_RUN_ERROR 0X08: MAX_LENGTH_ERROR 0x09: MIN_LENGTH_ERROR 0x0A: RECEIVE_CHARACTER_TIMEOUT			



## 4.8 HID over I2C

HID over I2C is a standard interface protocol to connect devices with hosts via I2C. The main advantage of HID is that there exist generic drivers for different input devices (such as sensors) which can be used with sensors that implement the corresponding well defined HID profiles. HID over I2C describes how messages (reports and events) are exchanged between the device and the host. A descriptor of the structure of these reports is provided by the device and read by the host during initialization of the device at host system start. For detailed information on HID please refer to the HID over I2C documentation from Microsoft.



# 5. Pin-out and connection diagram

## 5.1 Pin-out

The pin-out of the LGA package is shown in Figure 8 and the pin function is described in Table 5-1.







# Table 5-1: Pin description

Pin #	Name	I/O Type	Description	Function		
				I2C	UART	HID-I2C
1	PIN1		Do not connect	DNC		
2	GND	Ground	GND	GND		
3	VDD	Supply	VDD	VDD		
4	nBOOT_LOAD_PIN	Digital In	Bootloader mode select pin (active low)	nBO	OT_LOAD	_PIN
5	PS1	Digital In	Protocol select pin 1	GNDIO	VDDIO	GNDIO
6	PS0	Digital In	Protocol select pin 2	GNDIO	GNDIO	VDDIO
7	PIN7		Do not connect		DNC	
8	PIN8		Do not connect		DNC	
9	CAP		External capacitor		CAP	
10	BL_IND	Digital Out	Boot loader indicator	DNC		
11	nRESET		Reset pin (active low)	nRESET		
12	PIN12		Do not connect		DNC	
13	PIN13		Do not connect	DNC		
14	INT	Digital Out	Interrupt output		Interrupt	
15	PIN15	Ground	Connect to GNDIO		GNDIO	
16	PIN16	Ground	Connect to GNDIO		GNDIO	
17	COM3	Digital In	Digital interface pin 3	I2C GNDIO GNDI address select		GNDIO
18	COM2	Digital I/O	Digital interface pin 2		GNDIO	
19	COM1	Digital I/O	Digital interface pin 1	SCL	Rx	SCL
20	COM0	Digital I/O	Digital interface pin 0	SDA	Tx	SDA
21	PIN21		Do not connect		DNC	
22	PIN22		Do not connect	DNC		
23	PIN23		Do not connect	DNC		
24	PIN24		Do not connect	DNC		
25	GNDIO	Ground	GNDIO	GNDIO		
26	XOUT32	Digital Out	Optional OSC port	OSC Output		
27	XIN32	Digital In	Optional OSC port	OSC Input		
28	VDDIO	Supply	VDDIO		VDDIO	

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## BNO055 Data sheet

# 5.2 Connection diagram I<sup>2</sup>C



Figure 9: I<sup>2</sup>C connection diagram



## BNO055 Data sheet

# 5.3 Connection diagram UART



Figure 10: UART connection diagram

nRESET

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# 5.4 Connection diagram HID-I2C





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## 5.5 XOUT32 & XIN32 Connections

The BNO055 can run from an internal or external 32 KHz clock source. By default, the internal clock is selected.

An External clock can be selected by setting bit CLK\_SEL in the SYSTEM\_TRIGGER register. An external 32 KHz crystal oscillator has to be connected to the pins XIN32 and XOUT32 as shown below.

To get the best performance out of BNO055, it is recommended to use the external crystal.

### 5.5.1 External 32kHz Crystal Oscillator



Figure 12 : External 32kHz Crystal Oscillator with Load Capacitor

Table 5-2: Crystal Oscillator Source Connections

Pin Name	<b>Recommended Pin Connection</b>	Description
XIN32	Load capacitor 22pF <sup>89</sup>	Timer oscillator input
XOUT32	Load capacitor 22pF <sup>89</sup>	Timer oscillator output

## 5.5.2 Internal clock mode

The internal clock can be selected by clearing bit CLK\_SEL in the SYSTEM\_TRIGGER register. When an internal clock is used, both pins XIN32 and XOUT32 can be left open. The internal clock of the BNO055 can have clock deviation up to  $\pm$ 3%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> These values are given only as typical example.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Decoupling capacitor should be placed close to the device for each supply pin pair in the signal group.

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# 6. Package

## **6.1 Outline dimensions**

The sensor package is a standard LGA package; dimensions are shown in the following diagram. Units are in mm. Note: Unless otherwise specified tolerance = decimal  $\pm 0.1$ mm. The <u>chapter 3.5</u> provides information regarding the sensor axis orientation.



BOTTOM VIEW



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# 6.2 Marking

Labeling	Name	Symbol	Remark	
	Pin 1 identifier	•		
• 701 TTTT	Product number	701	3 numeric digits, internal identification for product type	
ccc	Second Row	Т	Internal use	
	Third Row	С	Numerical counter	

# 6.3 Soldering Guidelines

The moisture sensitivity level of the BNO055 sensors corresponds to JEDEC Level 1, see also

- IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020C "Joint Industry Standard: Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for non-hermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices"
- IPC/JEDEC J-STD-033A "Joint Industry Standard: Handling, Packing, Shipping and Use of Moisture/Reflow Sensitive Surface Mount Devices"

The sensor fulfils the lead-free soldering requirements of the above-mentioned IPC/JEDEC standard, i.e. reflow soldering with a peak temperature up to 260°C.

# 6.4 Handling instructions

Micromechanical sensors are designed to sense acceleration with high accuracy even at low amplitudes and contain highly sensitive structures inside the sensor element. The MEMS sensor can tolerate mechanical shocks up to several thousand g's. However, these limits might be exceeded in conditions with extreme shock loads such as e.g. hammer blow on or next to the sensor, dropping of the sensor onto hard surfaces etc.

We recommend avoiding g-forces beyond the specified limits during transport, handling and mounting of the sensors in a defined and qualified installation process.

This device has built-in protections against high electrostatic discharges or electric fields (e.g. 2kV HBM); however, anti-static precautions should be taken as for any other CMOS component. Unless otherwise specified, proper operation can only occur when all terminal voltages are kept within the supply voltage range. Unused inputs must always be tied to a defined logic voltage level.

For more details on recommended handling, soldering and mounting please contact your local Bosch Sensortec sales representative and ask for the "Handling, soldering and mounting instructions" document.

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## 6.5 Tape and reel specification

The BNO055 is shipped in a standard cardboard box. For details please refer to the 'Shipment packaging details' document.

## 6.6 Environmental safety

The BNO055 sensor meets the requirements of the EC restriction of hazardous substances (RoHS and RoHS2) directive, see also:

Directive 2002/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 January 2003 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.

## 6.6.1 Halogen content

The BNO055 is halogen-free. For more details on the analysis results please contact your Bosch Sensortec representative.

## 6.6.2 Internal package structure

Within the scope of Bosch Sensortec's ambition to improve its products and secure the mass product supply, Bosch Sensortec qualifies additional sources (e.g. 2<sup>nd</sup> source) for the LGA package of the BNO055.

While Bosch Sensortec took care that all of the technical packages parameters are described above are 100% identical for all sources, there can be differences in the chemical content and the internal structural between the different package sources.

However, as secured by the extensive product qualification process of Bosch Sensortec, this has no impact to the usage or to the quality of the BMNO55 product.

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# 7. Legal disclaimer

# 7.1 Engineering samples

Engineering Samples are marked with an asterisk (\*) or (e) or (E). Samples may vary from the valid technical specifications of the product series contained in this data sheet. They are therefore not intended or fit for resale to third parties or for use in end products. Their sole purpose is internal client testing. The testing of an engineering sample may in no way replace the testing of a product series. Bosch Sensortec assumes no liability for the use of engineering samples. The Purchaser shall indemnify Bosch Sensortec from all claims arising from the use of engineering samples.

# 7.2 Product use

Bosch Sensortec products are developed for the consumer goods industry. They may only be used within the parameters of this product data sheet. They are not fit for use in life-sustaining or security sensitive systems. Security sensitive systems are those for which a malfunction is expected to lead to bodily harm or significant property damage. In addition, they are not fit for use in products which interact with motor vehicle systems.

The resale and/or use of products are at the purchaser's own risk and his own responsibility. The examination of fitness for the intended use is the sole responsibility of the Purchaser.

The purchaser shall indemnify Bosch Sensortec from all third party claims arising from any product use not covered by the parameters of this product data sheet or not approved by Bosch Sensortec and reimburse Bosch Sensortec for all costs in connection with such claims.

The purchaser must monitor the market for the purchased products, particularly with regard to product safety, and inform Bosch Sensortec without delay of all security relevant incidents.

## 7.3 Application examples and hints

With respect to any examples or hints given herein, any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the device, Bosch Sensortec hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights or copyrights of any third party. The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics. They are provided for illustrative purposes only and no evaluation regarding infringement of intellectual property rights or copyrights or regarding functionality, performance or error has been made.

# 8. Document history and modifications

Rev. No	Chapter	Description of modification/changes	Date				
0.1		Initial version	2013-09-02				
0.2		Completely revised version (BMF055 added)	2013-10-15				
0.9		Preliminary version with feature set of Firmware version 0.2.B.0	2014-04-25				
1.0		Complete review	2014-07-11				
	3	Rearrangement of subsections in chapter 3 for better readability.					
	3.3	Table 3.1 is updated for better readability and all the operation modes are elaborated					
	3.11	Chapter on calibration included					
1.1	3.7, 3.10	Update	2014-11-05				
	4.2	The default value of the UNIT_SEL register is updated					
	4.6	I2C communication example figures are updated.					
	5.1, 5.2, 5.3,	Included table 5.1 Pin description.					
	5.4	Connection diagram updated					
	5	Updated pin description and connection diagram					
	6.1	Updated outline dimensions					
1.2		Chapter removed and the respective information is					
	6.2	updated in the Handling, soldering and mounting					
		instructions application note.					
	1.1	Supply current in low power mode is updated					
	1.2	Table 0-2 is updated for POR time description					
	3.5	Accelerometer restrictions updated in table 3.8					
1.3	3.7	New section called 'Data Register Shadowing' is 2015-08-19 included to explain the concept shadowing					
	4.4.15	The SMNM bit field for Slow motion and no motion updated in the register description					
1.4	1.1	Representation of voltage in the table 0-1 is updated					
	2	The max value for ESD is updated					
	4.4.6	ACC_Sleep_Config register is updated for Accelerometer Sleep Phase Duration	2016-06-02				
	5.1	Table 5-1: Pin description together with all the 3 connection diagrams are updated.					

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